BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF:)	
)	
PROPOSED NEW CAIR SO ₂ , CAIR NO _X)	
ANNUAL AND CAIR NO _X OZONE SEASON)	R06-26
TRADING PROGRAMS, 35 ILL. ADM.)	(Rulemaking- Air)
CODE 225, CONTROL OF EMISSIONS)	
FROM LARGE COMBUSTION SOURCES,)	
SUBPARTS A, C, D and E)	

NOTICE

TO: Dorothy Gunn, Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board James R. Thompson Center 100 West Randolph, Suite 11-500 Chicago, Illinois 60601-3218

SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that I have today filed with the Office of the Pollution Control Board a MOTION TO AMEND RULEMAKING PROPOSAL, a copy of which is herewith served upon you.

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

By:

John J. Kim

Managing Attorney

Air Regulatory Unit

Division of Legal Counsel

DATED: November 27, 2006

1021 North Grand Avenue East P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276 217.782.5544 217.782.9143 (TDD)

THIS FILING IS SUBMITTED ON RECYCLED PAPER

BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF:)	
)	
)	R2006 - 026
PROPOSED Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR))	(Rulemaking – Air)
SO ₂ , NO _x Annual and NO _x Ozone Season)	
Trading Programs, 35 Ill. Adm. Code 225.)	
Subparts A, C, D and E)	
-)	

MOTION TO AMEND RULEMAKING PROPOSAL

NOW COMES the Proponent, the ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

AGENCY (Illinois EPA), by its attorneys, and pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101.500 and

102.402, moves that the Illinois Pollution Control Board (Board) amend proposed new Part 225.

In support of its Motion, the Illinois EPA states as follows:

On May 30, 2006, the Illinois EPA filed a proposal with the Board to add new Subparts to Part 225, 35 Ill. Adm. Code Part 225, entitled "Control of Emissions from Large Combustion Sources." New subparts A, C, D and E, add SO₂, NO_x Annual and NO_x Ozone Season Trading Programs in Part 225. The Illinois EPA's proposal is intended to meet certain obligations of the State of Illinois under the federal Clean Air Act (CAA), 42 U.S.C. § 7401 *et seq.*; specifically, to satisfy Illinois' obligation to submit a State Implementation Plan to address the requirements of the Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR), *see*, 70 *Fed. Reg.* 25161 (May 12, 2005). Under CAIR, states are required to submit State plans to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) by no later than September 11, 2006. *Id.* at 25319; 40 CFR § 51.123(d)(1).

The Illinois EPA engaged in extensive outreach on this proposal. In January 2006, the Illinois EPA commenced regular meetings with representatives of the affected sources and public interest groups and the Illinois EPA distributed working drafts of the proposed rule to such parties.

After the filing of the rulemaking proposal, a number of changes and clarifications were found to be necessary as a result of communications with USEPA, issues that arose during the first hearing in this rulemaking held in Springfield, formatting and stylistic changes to conform with the changes made in the Board's Second Notice issued in the proposed mercury rulemaking (R06-025), and correction of typos. Therefore, the Illinois EPA is now proposing to amend the rulemaking proposal as set forth in this motion.

- 1) The following changes have been made to conform with changes to the Second Notice in R06-25:
 - A) The term "shall" has been replaced by the terms "will," "must," or "may" as applicable and the term "such" has either been deleted or replaced by a more specific term, e.g., the, these. (R06-25.)
 - B) The lead in paragraph for Section 225.130 now conforms with R06-25.
 - C) All "§" symbols have been deleted.
 - D) References to "of this Subpart" and "of this Part" have been deleted.
 - E) References to "with regard to" have been replaced by the phrase "for the purpose of."
 - F) The definition for "cogeneration unit" has been restricted to the Subparts implementing the CAIR trading programs, as it is not clear that USEPA would approve the definition as the Board has proposed it in its Second Notice for R06-25.
 - G) The term "under" has been replaced with the term "pursuant to."
- 2) The following changes have been made at the recommendation of USEPA:
 - A) The definitions for "CAIR authorized account representative" and "CAIR designated representative" have been clarified to include all three trading programs and to reflect amendments made to the definition as a result of the April 28, 2006, *Federal Register*.
 - B) The definition for "CAIR NO_x compliance account" has been amended to reflect the federal term "compliance account" and to reflect both the annual NO_x and NO_x ozone season trading programs.

- C) The definition for "coal-fired" has been amended to reflect the difference between the definition for the NO_x and the SO_2 trading programs.
- D) The definition for "combustion turbine" has been amended to include "duct burners" which reflects the change made to the definition pursuant to the April 28, 2006, *Federal Register*.
- E) The term "affected unit" has been replaced throughout Illinois EPA's proposal with the specific program that applies to the particular unit, as the term "affected unit" is used in the federal Acid Rain program; hence, use of the term to refer to CAIR units that are not also Acid Rain units.
- F) The definition for "commence commercial operation" has been updated to reflect amendments that USEPA made to the definition on April 28, 2006. The most significant amendment is the deletion of subsection (c) of the definition.
- G) The definition for "commence operation" reflects changes made by USEPA to the definition on April 28, 2006. The most significant amendment is the deletion of subsection (b) of the definition.
- H) The definition for "nameplate capacity" reflects changes made by USEPA to the definition on April 28, 2006. The changes were only minor and included the addition of the phrase "as of such installation" and "as of such completion."
- I) The definition for "repowered" reflects a request by USEPA that the term "unit" be used instead of the term "electric generating unit."
- J) The definition for "useful thermal energy" reflects a request by USEPA that the term "heating" be used instead of "heat."
- K) Section 225.140 (Incorporations by Reference) has been amended to reflect that last date that subsections (a) through (f) had been updated by USEPA.
- L) Sections 225.300, 225.400, and 225.500 reflect a request by USEPA that Illinois' CAIR rule use the applicability language verbatim from the April 28, 2006, *Federal Register*. The most significant change is the deletion of the exemption for industrial boilers listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 217.Appendix D. USEPA's position is that the status of any one of these boilers could change over time from one that is industrial in nature to one that is selling power to the grid.
- M) Sections 225.310(d), 225.410(d), and 225.510(d) reflect a request by USEPA that several changes be made to the subsection to conform to the federal requirements. Specifically, in subsection (d)(1) the term "owner or operator" should be used instead of the term "CAIR designated representative." In addition, a more detailed description of the allowance transfer deadline has been added pursuant to amendments made by USEPA on April 28, 2006. In subsection (d)(3), there is the

addition of the phrase "and for each control period thereafter." In subsection (d)(4), the phrase "into or" is added. In subsection (d)(5), there is a substitution of the phrase "deducted" and "compliance according to subsection (d)(1) of this Section, for" instead of "utilized," and the terms "calendar" and "before" have been added. Finally, in subsection (d)(8), the term "compliance account" has been added.

- N) In Section 225.310(d)(1), USEPA requested that, with respect to the CAIR SO₂ trading program, a clarification be made as to the value of an allowance. For the CAIR SO₂ trading program an allowance has a different value depending on the year it is allocated (vintage) and it retains that value no matter when it is used for compliance or traded; hence, the use of the term "tonnage" in lieu of use of the term "ton."
- O) Sections 225.310(e)(1)(D) & (f)(4), 225.410(e)(1)(D) & (f)(4), and 225.510(e)(1)(D) & (f)(4) reflect a request by USEPA that several changes be made to these subsections to conform to the federal requirements. Specifically, the requirement that the owner or operator submit any documents used to demonstrate compliance has been added and the last sentence has been deleted, respectively.
- P) Sections 225.320(a)(1) & (2) & (c), 225.410(a)(1) & (2) & (c), and 225.510(a)(1) & (2) & (c) reflect a request by USEPA that several changes be made to these subsections to conform to the federal requirements. Specifically, in subsection (a)(1), a requirement has been added that owners or operators submit any supplemental information requested by the Illinois EPA. In subsection (a)(2), a reference to the Illinois EPA's authority to issue permits has been added. A new subsection (c) has been added to reflect that the applicable definitions will be incorporated by reference into the permit and all allocations, transfers or deductions of allowances automatically amend the applicable permit upon recordation by USEPA in the source's compliance account.
- Q) Section 225.325 has been revamped to reflect that with respect to the CAIR SO₂ trading program a clarification has been made as to the value of an allowance. For the CAIR SO₂ trading program an allowance has a different value depending on the year it is allocated (vintage) and it retains that value no matter when it is used for compliance or traded; hence, the use of the term "tonnage" in lieu of use of the term "ton." It also reflects that while the Illinois EPA does not have the authority to issue SO₂ allowances, other states that have adopted the opt-in provisions may.
- R) Section 225.430 (Timing for Annual Allocations) has been amended to reflect the timing required by the federal CAIR rule for NO_x allowance allocations. Subsection (a) now provides that the Illinois EPA will make the initial allocations for control periods 2009, 2010, and 2011 no later than July 31, 2007. This will enable affected sources to submit their preference for calculating converted gross

output and allow the Illinois EPA sufficient time to make the necessary calculations after the proposal is adopted. Subsection (b) now provides that the Illinois EPA will submit allocations four years in advance of the applicable deadline, so the allocations for the 2012 control period will be made in 2008 and not in 2009. Subsection (c) of Section 225.430 now provides that allowances from the New Unit Set-Aside (NUSA) will be reported to USEPA by October 31 of the applicable control period; hence, new units will not receive allowances for compliance for the first year of commercial operation. These changes are required by 40 CFR 51.123(p).

- Section 225.530 (Timing for Ozone Season Allocations) has been amended to reflect the timing required by the federal CAIR rule for NO_x allowance allocations. Subsection (a) now provides that the Illinois EPA will make the initial allocations for control periods 2009, 2010, and 2011 no later than July 31, 2007. This will enable affected sources to submit their preference for calculating converted gross output and allow the Illinois EPA sufficient time to make the necessary calculations after the proposal is adopted. Subsection (b) now provides that the Illinois EPA will submit allocations four years in advance of the applicable deadline, so the allocations for the 2012 control period will be made in 2008 and not in 2009. Subsection (c) of Section 225.530 now provides that allowances from the NUSA will be reported to USEPA by July 31 of the applicable control period; new units will not receive allowances for compliance for the first year of commercial operation. These changes are required by 40 CFR 51.123(aa).
- T) Sections 225.435 and 225.535 (Methodology for Calculating Allocations) have been amended to reflect the change in dates that allocations must be made. As allocations are required to be made four years in advance of the applicable control period, gross electrical output data for the 2012 and 2013 control period must be from 2006, 2007 and 2008. Such data may not be available, hence, a new subsection (b) was added to allow owners and operators a choice of using heat input for those control periods.
- U) Sections 225.440 and 225.540 Allocations have been clarified in subsection (b) to limit allocation of allowances to whole allowances on a pro-rata basis.
- V) Sections 225.445 and 225.545 (New Unit Set-Aside (NUSA) have been amended to reflect the submittal date requirements of 40 CFR 51.123. Subsection (b) has been amended to require that applications be submitted not later than March 1 after the first control period that the unit has operated. This change means that new units will not receive an allocation for the control period in which they commence operation, but instead will receive an allocation beginning with the second control period of operation. Subsection (f) has been amended to state that the Illinois EPA will notify CAIR designated representatives of NUSA allocations by June 1 of the applicable control period. Subsection (g) for the annual program reflects that allocations from the Annual NUSA will be submitted to USEPA no

- later than October 31 of the applicable control period. For the Ozone Season NUSA, the allocations will be submitted to USEPA no later than July 31 of the applicable control period.
- W) Sections 225.455 and 225.555 (Clean Air Set-Aside) (CASA) are amended to reflect a comment that new subsection (d) contained conflicting language. Either a project sponsor aggregates enough projects that would make it eligible for one allowance or the request can be rounded up. The proposal requires that the aggregation equal at least one whole allowance.
- 3) The following amendments are being proposed as a result of comments made at the October 10, 2006 hearing:
 - A) A definition for "commence construction" has been added. A suggestion had been made that the term "commence commercial operation" be used; however, that term applies only to units that sell electricity to the grid. Although many of the projects may ultimately result in sales of electricity, it would exclude projects that include demand-side energy projects, e.g., Energy Star buildings.
 - B) A definition for "project sponsor" has been amended to lessen the possibility that two or more organizations or people could submit applications for the same project. The revised definition designates the individual or organization that provides the majority of the funding for the project unless another person or entity is designated in writing as the project sponsor.
 - C) In Sections 225.430 and 225.530 (Timing for Allocations), subsection (d) has been amended to clarify that the Illinois EPA will be allocating allowances from the CASA in 2009 for 2009, based on reductions allocations made in 2008. These allocations will be made by October 1 of each year, so the allowances allocated from the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season CASA may be used for compliance in the year they are allocated.
 - D) Sections 225.435 and 225.535 (Methodology for Calculating Allocations) have been amended to reflect that the Illinois EPA clarify that affected units have a choice for control periods 2009 through 2013 whether gross electrical output or heat input is used to calculate converted gross output. Subsection (a) requires that the owner or operator submit a statement making the election by June 1, 2007, for control periods 2009 through 2011. New subsection (b) requires that the election be made in writing by June 1, 2008, for control periods 2012 and 2013.
 - E) Sections 225.450 and 225.550 (Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements for Gross Electrical Output and Useful Thermal Energy) have been amended to reflect the date changes required by USEPA for the Illinois EPA to submit allocations and requests by the public at hearing to allow other measurement systems for gross electrical output. Subsection (a) has been amended to require a system for measuring gross electrical output no later than

January 1, 2008. This system may be a wattmeter or other system that meets either the requirements of 40 CFR 60 or 75, as applicable. Subsection (b) has also been amended to delay the installation of a system for measuring gross electrical output until 2008. Subsection (c) has been amended to require that gross electrical output for the initial allocations, control periods 2009-2011, be submitted to the Illinois EPA no later than June 1, 2007, and for the 2012 control period, that it be submitted no later than June 1, 2008. Subsection (d) has also been delayed one year. Designated representatives will be required to submit quarterly data at the end of the first quarter of 2008. Subsection (e) has been amended to reflect the new requirements for measuring gross electrical output and maintaining a monitoring plan.

- F) Sections 225.455 and 225.555 (Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA)) is amended to reflect a comment that the Illinois EPA does not make findings of noncompliance and to reflect the new definition for "project sponsor." Subsection (b) has been amended to reflect that allowances received by a unit that is found to be out of compliance must be restored to the Illinois EPA. Subsection (c) has been deleted. It had required the Illinois EPA to reject a project if more than one project sponsor applied for allowances from the CASA.
- G) Sections 225.460 and 225.560 (Energy Efficiency and Conservation, Renewable Energy, and Clean Technology Projects) have been amended to reflect several clarifications to the rule. Subsection (a)(1) has been has been amended to reflect that lighting retrofits are demand side management projects. Subsection (a)(4)(A) has been amended to reflect that combined heat and power projects that are also CAIR NO_x units or CAIR NO_x Ozone Season units are not eligible to receive allowances from the CASA. Subsection (d) has been amended to clarify which projects are not eligible to receive allowances from the CASA. Subsection (e) has been amended to clarify that projects that are specifically excluded by definition in subsections (a) through (c) may not apply as another type project.
- H) Sections 225.465 and 225.565 (CASA Allowances) have also been clarified to reflect the changes made in Sections 225.460 and 225.560. Subsection (b)(1) has been amended to reflect that combined heat and power projects are eligible at a different rate for CASA allowances than other projects listed as supply-side projects. Subsection (b)(4) reflects the clarifications made concerning projects taken pursuant to consent decrees and court orders. This issue was also addressed in the Illinois EPA's Post Hearing Comments. Subsection (b)(5) reflects that the entire clean technology category uses this formula to calculate the number of allowances that the project may be eligible to receive.
- I) Sections 225.470 and 225.570 (CASA Applications) have been amended to reflect the new definition for "project sponsor." Subsection (c)(1) has been amended to require that the project sponsor submit as part of its application a certification that it has met the definition of "project sponsor."

J) Sections 225.475 and 225.575 (Agency Action on CASA Applications) have been amended to reflect new dates and the tipping scheme for excess allowances. Subsection (a) has been amended to require that the Illinois EPA notify project sponsors by September 1 of the applicable control period of the number of allowances that are approvable for a project. The later date would have precluded the Illinois EPA from allocating, and USEPA from recording, allowances from the Ozone Season CASA in time for a source that is also a project sponsor to use the allowance for compliance during the applicable control period. Subsection (b) reflects the new tipping scheme that was testified to at the First Hearing.

WHEREFORE, for the reasons set forth above, the Illinois EPA moves that the Board amend proposed new Part 225 as set forth herein.

Respectfully submitted,

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

By: _____

Rachel L. Doctors Assistant Counsel Division of Legal Counsel

DATED: November 27, 2006

1021 N. Grand Ave., East P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276 217/782-5544

STATE C	OF ILLINOIS)
SANGAN	ON COUNTY)
	<u>AFFIDAVIT</u>
I, Jim Ros	ss, upon my oath, do hereby state as follows:
1.	I am employed as the Manager of the Division of Air Pollution Control in the Bureau of Air
	for the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Illinois EPA").
2	T

- In my current position as Division Manager, I supervise a staff of over 150 engineers, 2.
- specialists, and administrative support personnel in developing, monitoring, and enforcing the State and Federal air pollution control requirements. In particular, and more recently, I have been overseeing Illinois EPA's efforts in the development of several rulemaking
 - efforts, including the proposed rule to implement the Federal Clean Air Interstate Rule.
- I have reviewed the Motion to Amend Rulemaking Proposal ("Motion") submitted in the 3. rulemaking docketed as PCB R06-26.
- 4. To the best of my knowledge, the factual information and representations contained within the Motion are true and accurate.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.

		Jim Ross	
Subscribed and sworn to bef	ore me		
thisday of	_, 2006.		
Notary Public			

STATE OF ILLINOIS)
SANGAMON COUNTY) SS
	,

AFFIDAVIT

- I, Rob Kaleel, upon my oath, do hereby state as follows:
 - 1. I am employed as the Manager of the Air Quality Planning Section of the Division of Air Pollution Control in the Bureau of Air for the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Illinois EPA").
 - 2. In my current position as Section Manager, my responsibilities include oversight of staff that provides technical support for regulatory initiatives needed to address air quality issues in Illinois, including the regulatory proposal to implement the Federal Clean Air Interstate Rule. I have also been closely involved with the development of Illinois' State Implementation Plans to address the PM2.5 and ozone nonattainment areas in Illinois.
 - 3. I have reviewed the Motion to Amend Rulemaking Proposal ("Motion") submitted in the rulemaking docketed as PCB R06-26.
 - 4. To the best of my knowledge, the factual information and representations contained within the Motion are true and accurate.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.

			Rob Kaleel	
Subscrib	ed and sworn to	before me		
this	day of	, 2006.		
Notary F	Public			

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2 3		TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
		SUBTITLE B: AIR POLLUTION
4		CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
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6		SUBCHAPTER c: EMISSION STANDARDS AND LIMITATIONS
7		FOR STATIONARY SOURCES
8		D A D/E 225
9		PART 225
10		CONTROL OF EMISSIONS FROM LARGE COMBUSTION SOURCES
11		CLIDDADE A CENEDAL DOCUCIONO
12		SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS
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14	Section	
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16	225.120	Abbreviations and Acronyms
17	225.130	Definitions
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20		SUBPART C: CAIR SO ₂ TRADING PROGRAM
21	a	
22	Section	
23	225.300	Purpose
24	225.305	Applicability
25	225.310	Compliance Requirements
26	225.315	Appeal Procedures
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34	225.405	Applicability
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38	225.425	Annual Trading Budget
39	225.430	Timing for Annual Allocations
40	225.435	Methodology for Calculating Annual Allocations
41	225.440	Annual Allocations
42	225.445	New Unit Set-Aside (NUSA)
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44		Thermal Energy
45	225.455	Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA)
46	225.460	Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy, and Clean Technology Projects

47	225.465	Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA) Allowances				
48	225.470	Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA) Applications and Recordkeeping				
49	225.475	Agency Action on Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA) Applications				
50	225.480	Compliance Supplement Pool				
51	220.100	compilative supprement root				
52	S	UBPART E: CAIR NO _x OZONE SEASON TRADING PROGRAM				
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54	Section					
55	225.500	Purpose				
56	225.505	Applicability				
57	225.510	Compliance Requirements				
58	225.515	Appeal Procedures				
59	225.520	Permit Requirements				
60	225.525	Trading Budget				
61	225.530	Timing for Ozone Season Allocations				
62	225.535	Methodology for Calculating Ozone Season Allocations				
63	225.540	Ozone Season Allocations				
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65	225.550	Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting for Gross Electrical Output and Useful				
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67	225.555	Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA)				
68	225.560	Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy, and Clean Technology Projects				
69 70	225.565	Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA) Allowances				
70	225.570	Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA) Applications and Recordkeeping				
71	225.575	Agency Action on Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA) Applications				
72	ALITHODIT					
73		Y: Implementing Section 10, and authorized by Sections 27 and 28 of the Illinois				
74	Environment	al Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10, 27 and 28].				
75 76	COLIDGE	1 . 1: D 1 . D06	i			
76	SOURCE: A	Adopted in Docket R06- at Ill. Reg., effective, 20067	ļ			
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79		SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS				
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81	Section 225.	120 Severability				
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83	-	n, subsection or clause of this Part is found invalid, <u>asuch</u> finding <u>willshall</u> not affect				
84	the validity of	of this Part as a whole or any Section, sentence or clause not found invalid.				
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86	Section 225.	103 Abbreviations				
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88		wise specified within this Part, the abbreviations used in this Part willshall be the				
89	same as those found in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 211. The following abbreviations and acronyms are					
90	used in this I	Part:				
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92	Act	Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5 et seq.]				

93	Agency	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
94	Btu	British thermal unit
95	CAA	Clean Air Act [42 U.S.C. 7401]
96	CAAPP	Clean Air Act Permit Program [415 ILCS 5/39.5]
97	CEMS	continuous emissions monitoring systems
98	EGU	electric generating unit
99	GO	Gross electrical output
100	HI	heat input
101	hr	hour
102	kg	kilogram
103	mmBtu	million Btu
104	MW	megawatt
105	MWe	megawatt electrical
106	MWh	megawatt hour
107	NO_x	nitrogen oxides
108	ORIS	Office of Regulatory Information Systems
109	O_2	oxygen
110	SO_2	sulfur dioxide
111	USEPA	United State Environmental Protection Agency
112	yr	year
113		
114	Section 225.130	Definitions

The <u>following</u> definitions <u>contained in this Section</u> apply <u>only to for the provisions purposes</u> of this Part. Unless otherwise defined in this Section <u>and unless or</u> a different meaning <u>for of</u> a term is clear from its context, the <u>definitions of</u> terms used in this Part shall have the meanings specified <u>for those terms</u> in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 211, and 40 CFR §§ 96.102, 96.202, and 96.302, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Subpart.

"Boiler" means an enclosed fossil or other fuel-fired combustion device used to produce heat and to transfer heat to recirculating water, steam, or other medium.

"Bottoming-cycle cogeneration unit" means a cogeneration unit in which the energy input to the unit is first used to produce useful thermal energy and at least some of the reject heat from the useful thermal energy application or process is then used for electricity production.

"CAIR authorized account representative" means, with regard to for the purpose of general accounts, a responsible natural person who is authorized, in accordance with 40 CFR 96 subparts BB, FF, BBB, FFF, and BBBB, and FFFF to transfer and otherwise dispose of CAIR NO_x, and SO₂-, and NO_x Ozone Season allowances, as applicable, held in the CAIR NO_x, SO₂, and NO_x Ozone Season general account, and with regard to for the purpose of a CAIR NO_x compliance account, a CAIR SO₂ Allowance System Tracking account, or a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season compliance account, the CAIR designated representative of the source.

"CAIR designated representative" means for a CAIR NO_x source, and a CAIR SO₂ source, and a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season source and each CAIR NO_x unit, and CAIR SO₂ unit and CAIR NO_x Ozone Season unit at the source, the natural person who is authorized by the owners and operators of the source and all such units at the source, in accordance with 40 CFR 96 subparts BB, FF, BBB, FFF, and BBBB, and FFFF as applicable, to represent and legally bind each owner and operator in matters pertaining to the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program, CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, and the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program, as applicable. For any unit that is subject to one or more of the following programs: CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program, the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program, or the federal Acid Rain Program, the designated representative for the such unit shallmust be the same natural person for all programs all applicable to the unit.

"CAIR NO_{*} compliance account" means, for the purposes of Subparts D and E of this Part, a CAIR NO_{*} Allowance Tracking System account, established by USEPA for a CAIR NO_{*} source under 40 CFR 96 subparts FF and FFFF in which any CAIR NO_{*} allowance allocations for the affected units at the source are initially recorded and in which are held any CAIR NO_{*} allowances available for use for a control period in order to meet the source's CAIR NO_{*} emissions limitations in accordance with Sections 225.410 and 225.510 of this Part, and 40 CFR §§ 96.154 and 96.354, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Subpart.

"CAIR Trading Programs" means the requirements of this Part, and those provisions of the federal CAIR NO_x Annual Season, CAIR SO_2 , or CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Programs set forth in 40 CFR 96, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Subpart.

"Coal-fired" means:

a) For purposes of Subparts B, D, and E, combusting any amount of coal or coal-derived fuel, alone or in combination with any amount of any other fuel, during a specified year;

b) For purposes of Subpart C, combusting any amount of coal or coal-derived fuel, alone, or in combination with any amount of any other fuel.

"Cogeneration unit" means, for the purposes of Subparts C, D, and E, a stationary, fossil fuel-fired boiler or stationary, fossil fuel-fired combustion turbine:

a) Having equipment used to produce electricity and useful thermal energy for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes through the sequential use of energy; and

b) Producing during the 12-month period starting on the date the unit first produces electricity and during any calendar year after the calendar year in which the unit first produces electricity:

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- 1) For a topping-cycle cogeneration unit:
 - i) Useful thermal energy not less than 5 percent of total energy output; and
 - ii) Useful power that, when added to one-half of useful thermal energy produced, is not less than 42.5 percent of total energy input, if useful thermal energy produced is 15 percent or more of total energy output, or not less than 45 percent of total energy input, if useful thermal energy produced is less than 15 percent of total energy output.
- 2) For a bottoming-cycle cogeneration unit, useful power not less than 45 percent of total energy input.

"Combined cycle system" means a system comprised of one or more combustion turbines, heat recovery steam generators, and steam turbines configured to improve overall efficiency of electricity generation or steam production.

"Combustion turbine" means:

An enclosed device comprising a compressor, a combustor, and a turbine and in which the flue gas resulting from the combustion of fuel in the combustor passes through the turbine, rotating the turbine; and

If the enclosed device <u>pursuant to the under-paragraph</u> above is combined cycle, any associated <u>duct burner</u>, heat recovery steam generator and steam turbine.

"Commence commercial operation" means, with respect to Subparts C, D and E of this Part, with regard to a unit serving a generator:

- a) To have begun to produce steam, gas, or other heated medium used to generate electricity for sale or use, including test generation, except as provided in 40 CFR § 96.105, 96.205, or 96.305, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Subpart.
 - 1) For a unit that is a CAIR SO₂ unit, CAIR NO_x unit, or a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 96.104, 96.204 or 96.304, respectively, on the date the unit commences commercial operation on the later of November 15, 1990 or the date the unit commence commercial operation as defined in paragraph (a) of this definition and that subsequently undergoes a physical change (other than replacement of the unit by a unit at the same source), such date willshall remain the unit's date of

commencement of commercial operation, which <u>willshall</u> continue to be treated as the same unit.

- Por a unit that is a CAIR SO₂ unit, CAIR NO_x unit, or a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit under pursuant to 40 CFR § 96.104, 96.204 or 96.304, respectively, on the later of November 15, 1990 or the date the unit commences commercial operation as defined in paragraph (a) of this definition and that is subsequently replaced by a unit at the same source (e.g., repowered), such date willshall remain the replaced unit's date of commencement of commercial operation, and the replacedment unit willshall be treated as a separate unit with a separate date for commencement of commercial operation as defined in paragraphs (a) or (b) of this definition as appropriate.
- b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this definition and except as provided in 40 CFR § 96.105, 96.205, or 96.305 for a unit that is not a CAIR SO₂ unit, CAIR NO_x unit, or a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit pursuant tounder Section 225.305, 225.405, or 225.405, respectively, 40 CFR § 96.104, 96.204 or 96.304 on the later of November 15, 1990 or the date the unit commences commercial operation as defined in paragraph (a) of this definition, the unit's date for commencement of commercial operation willshall be the date on which the unit becomes an affected unit under pursuant to Section 225.305, 225.405, or 225.405, respectively40 CFR § 96.104, 96.204, or 96.304.
 - 1) For a unit with a date for commencement of commercial operation as defined in paragraph (b) of this definition and that subsequently undergoes a physical change (other than replacement of the unit by a unit at the same source), such date willshall remain the unit's date of commencement of commercial operation, which shall continue to be treated as the same unit.
 - 2) For a unit with a date for commencement of commercial operation as defined in paragraph (b) of this definition and that is subsequently replaced by a unit at the same source (e.g., repowered), such date <u>willshall</u> remain the replacedment unit's date of commencement of commercial operation, and the replacedment unit <u>willshall</u> be treated as a separate unit with a separate date for commencement of commercial operation as defined in paragraph (a) or (b) of this definition as appropriate.
- e) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) of this definition, for a unit not serving a generator producing electricity for sale, the unit's date of commencement of operation shall also be the unit's date of commencement of commercial operation.

"Commence construction" means, for the purposes of Section 225.460(f) and 225.560(f), that the owner or his designee has obtained all necessary preconstruction approvals (e.g. zoning) or permits and either has:

- Begun, or caused to begin, a continuous program of actual on-site construction of the source, to be completed within a reasonable time; or
- b) Entered into binding agreements or contractual obligations, which cannot be cancelled or modified without substantial loss to the owner or operator, to undertake a program of actual construction of the source to be completed within a reasonable time. For purposes of this definition:
 - 1) "Construction" shall be determined as any physical change or change in the method of operation, including but not limited to fabrication, erection, installation, demolition, or modification of projects eligible for CASA allowances, as set forth in Sections 225.460 and 225.560.
 - 2) "A reasonable time: shall be determined considering but not limited to the following factors: the nature and size of the project, the extent of design engineering, the amount of off-site preparation, whether equipment can be fabricated or can be purchased, when the project begins (considering both the seasonal nature of the construction activity and the existence of other projects competing for construction labor at the same time, the place of the environmental permit in the sequence of corporate and overall governmental approval), and the nature of the project sponsor (e.g., private, public, regulated).

"Commence operation," for purposes of Subparts of C, D and E of this Part, means:

- a) To have begun any mechanical, chemical, or electronic process, including, with regard to for the purpose of a unit, start-up of a unit's combustion chamber, except as provided in 40 CFR § 96.105, 96.205, or 96.305, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Subpart.
- <u>b</u>1) For a unit that undergoes a physical change (other than replacement of the unit by a unit <u>atas</u> the same source) after the date the unit commences operations as defined in paragraph (a) of this definition, such date <u>willshall</u> remain the date of commencement of operation of the unit, which <u>willshall</u> continue to be treated as the same unit.
- <u>c2</u>) For a unit that is replaced by a unit at the same source (e.g., repowered), after the date the unit commences operation as defined in paragraph (a) of this definition, such date <u>willshall</u> remain the replaced unit's date of commencement of operation, and the replacement unit <u>willshall</u> be treated

as a separate unit with a separate date for commencement of operation as defined in paragraphs (a), or (c) of this definition as appropriate.

- b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this definition and solely for the purposes of 40 CFR 96, subparts HH, HHH, and HHHH, for a unit that is not an affected unit under 40 CFR § 96.104, 96.204, or 96.304 on the later of November 15, 1990 or the date the unit commences operation as defined in paragraph (a) of this definition and subsequently becomes an affected uni, the unit's date for commencement of operation shall be the date on which the unit becomes an affected unit under 40 CFR § 96.104, 96.204, or 96.304.
- 1) For a unit with a date for commencement of operation as defined in paragraph (b) of this definition and that subsequently undergoes a physical change (other than replacement of the unit by a unit at the same source), such date shall remain the unit's date of commencement of operation.
- 2) For a unit with a date for commencement of operation as defined in paragraph (b) of this definition and that is subsequently replaced by a unit at the same source (e.g., repowered), the replacement unit shall be treated as a separate unit with a separate date for commencement of operation as defined in paragraphs (a) or (b) of this definition as appropriate.

"Common stack" means a single flue through which emissions from two or more units are exhausted.

"Compliance account" means, for the purposes of Subparts D and E, a CAIR NO_x Allowance Tracking System account, established by USEPA for a CAIR NO_x source or CAIR NO_x Ozone Season source pursuant to 40 CFR 96 subparts FF and FFFF in which any CAIR NO_x allowance or CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowance allocations for the CAIR NO_x units or CAIR NO_x Ozone Season units at the source are initially recorded and in which are held any CAIR NO_x or CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances available for use for a control period in order to meet the source's CAIR NO_x or CAIR NO_x Ozone Season emissions limitations in accordance with Sections 225.410 and 225.510, and 40 CFR 96.154 and 96.354, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140. CAIR NO_x allowances may not be used for compliance with the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading program and CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances may not be used for compliance with the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading program.

"Control period" means:

For the CAIR SO₂ and NO_x Annual Trading programs in Subparts C and D of this Part, the period beginning January 1 of a calendar year, except as provided in Sections 225.310(d)(3) and 225.410(d)(3) of this Subpart, and ending on

December 31 of the same year, inclusive; or 368 369 370 For the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program in Subpart E of this Part, the 371 period beginning May 1 of a calendar year, except as provided in Section 225.510(d)(3) of this Subpart, and ending on September 30 of the same year. 372 373 inclusive. 374 "Electric generating unit (EGU)" means a fossil fuel-fired stationary boiler, combustion 375 376 turbine or combined cycle system that serves a generator that has a nameplate capacity 377 greater than 25 MWe and produces electricity for sale. 378 379 "Fossil fuel" means natural gas, petroleum, coal, or any form of solid, liquid, or gaseous 380 fuel derived from such material. 381 382 "Fossil fuel-fired" means the combusting any amount of fossil fuel, alone or in 383 combination with any other fuel in any calendar year. 384 385 "Generator" means a device that produces electricity. 386 387 "Gross electrical output" means the total electrical output from an electric generating unit 388 (EGU) before making any deductions for energy output used in any way related to the 389 production of energy. For an electric generating unitEGU generating only electricity, the 390 gross electrical output is the output from the turbine/generator set. 391 392 "Heat input" means, for the purposes of with regard Subparts C, D, and E of this Part, 393 with regard to a specified period of time, the product (in mmBtu/hr) of the gross calorific 394 value of the fuel (in Btu/lb) divided by 1,000,000 Btu/mmBtu and multiplied by the fuel 395 feed rate into a combustion device (in lb of fuel/time), as measured, recorded and 396 reported to USEPA by the CAIR designated representative and determined by USEPA in 397 accordance with 40 CFR 96, subpart HH, HHH, or HHHH, if applicable, and excluding 398 the heat derived from preheated combustion air, recirculated flue gases, or exhaust from 399 other sources. 400 401 "Higher heating value (HHV)" means the total heat liberated per mass of fuel burned 402 (Btu per pound), when fuel and dry air at standard conditions undergo complete 403 combustion and all resultant products are brought to their standard states at standard 404 conditions. 405 "Integrated gasification combined cycle (IGCC)" means a coal-fired electric utility steam 406 407 generating unit that burns a synthetic gas derived from coal in a combined-cycle gas 408 turbine. No coal is directly burned in the unit during operation. 409 410 "Nameplate Capacity" means, starting from the initial installation of a generator, the 411 maximum electrical generating output (in MWe) that the generator is capable of producing on a steady state basis and during continuous operation (when not restricted by 412 413 seasonal or other deratings) as of such installation as specified by the manufacturer of the generator or, starting from the completion of any subsequent physical change in the generator resulting in an increase in the maximum electrical generating output (in MWe) that the generator is capable of producing on a steady state basis and during continuous operation (when not restricted by seasonal or other deratings), such increased maximum amount <u>as of such completion</u> as specified by the person conducting the physical change.

"Oil-fired unit" means a unit combusting fuel oil for more than 15.0 percent of the annual heat input in a specified year and not qualifying as coal-fired.

"Project sponsor' means a person, including the owner or operator of an electric generating unit that implements or helps to implement an energy efficiency and conservation, renewable energy, or clean technology project as listed in Sections 225.460 and 225.560 of this Part.

"Potential electrical output capacity" means 33 percent of a unit's maximum design heat input, expressed in mmBtu/hr divided by 3.413 mmBtu/MWh, and multiplied by 8,760 hr/yr.

"Project sponsor" means a person or an entity, including but not limited to the owner or operator of an EGU or a not-for-profit group, that provides the majority of funding for an energy efficiency and conservation, renewable energy, or clean technology project as listed in Sections 225.460 and 225.560, unless another person or entity is designated by a written agreement as the project sponsor for the purpose of applying for NO_x allowances or NO_x Ozone Season allowances from the CASA.

"Rated-energy efficiency" means the percentage of thermal energy input that is recovered as useable energy in the form of gross electrical output, useful thermal energy, or both that is used for heating, cooling, industrial processes, or other beneficial uses as follows:

For electric generators, rated energy efficiency is calculated as one kilowatt hour (3,413 Btu) of electricity divided by the unit's design heat rate using the higher heating value of the fuel, and expressed as a percentage.

For combined heat and power projects, rated-energy efficiency is calculated using the following formula:

REE = ((GO + UTE)/HI) × 100

Where:

REE = Rated-energy efficiency, expressed as percentage.
GO = Gross electrical output of the system expressed in Btu/hr.
UTE = Useful thermal output from the system that is used for heating, cooling, industrial processes or other beneficial uses, expressed in Btu/hr.

HI = Heat input, based upon the higher heating value of fuel, in

460 Btu/hr. 461 462 "Repowered" means, with regard to for the purpose of aan electric generating unit, 463 replacement of a coal-fired boiler with one of the following coal-fired technologies at the same source as the coal-fired boiler: 464 465 466 Atmospheric or pressurized fluidized bed combustion; 467 468 Integrated gasification combined cycle; 469 470 Magnetohydrodyamics; 471 472 Direct and indirect coal-fired turbines: 473 474 Integrated gasification fuel cells; or 475 476 As determined by the USEPA, a derivative of one or more of the technologies 477 listed above, and any other coal-fired technology capable of controlling multiple 478 combustion emissions simultaneously with improved boiler generation efficiency 479 and with significantly greater waste reduction relative to the performance of 480 technology in widespread commercial use as of January 1, 2005. 481 482 "Total energy output" means, with respect to a cogeneration unit, the sum of useful 483 power and useful thermal energy produced by the cogeneration unit. 484 "Useful thermal energy" means, with regard to for the purpose of a cogeneration unit, the 485 thermal energy that is made available to an industrial or commercial process, excluding 486 487 any heat contained in condensate return or makeup water: 488 489 Used in a heating application (e.g., space heating or domestic hot water heating); 490 491 492 Used in a space cooling application (e.g., thermal energy used by an absorption 493 chiller). 494 495 Section 225.140 Incorporations by Reference 496 497 The following materials are incorporated by reference. These incorporations do not include any 498 later amendments or editions. 499 500 CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, 40 CFR 96, subpart AAA (CAIR SO₂ Trading a) 501 Program General Provisions, excluding 40 CFR §§ 96.204, and 96.206); 40 CFR 502 96, subpart BBB (CAIR Designated Representative for CAIR SO₂ Sources); 40 503 CFR 96, subpart FFF (CAIR SO₂ Allowance Tracking System); 40 CFR 96, 504 subpart GGG (CAIR SO₂ Allowance Transfers); and 40 CFR 96, subpart HHH (Monitoring and Reporting) (2006). 505

506 507 b) CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program, 40 CFR 96, subpart AA (NO_x Annual 508 Trading Program General Provisions, excluding 40 CFR §§ 96.104, 96.105(b)(2), 509 and 96.106); 40 CFR 96, subpart BB (CAIR Designated Representative for CAIR NO_x Sources): 40 CFR 96, subpart FF (CAIR NO_x Allowance Tracking System): 510 511 40 CFR 96, subpart GG (CAIR NO_x Allowance Transfers); and 40 CFR 96, 512 subpart HH (Monitoring and Reporting) (2006). 513 514 CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program 40 CFR 96, subpart AAAA (CAIR c) 515 NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program General Provisions) (excluding 40 CFR §§ 516 96.304, 96.305(b)(2), and 96.306); 40 CFR 96, subpart BBBB (CAIR Designated 517 Representative for CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Sources); 40 CFR 96, subpart FFFF 518 (CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Allowance Tracking System); 40 CFR 96, subpart 519 GGGG (CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Allowance Transfers); and 40 CFR 96, subpart 520 HHHH (Monitoring and Reporting) (2006). 521 522 d) 40 CFR 75 (20062005). 523 524 40 CFR 78 (20062005). e) 525 526 Federal Energy Management Program, M&V Measurement and Verification for f) 527 Federal Energy Projects, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Version 2.2, DOE/GO-102000-0960 528 529 (September 2000). 530 531 SUBPART C: CAIR SO₂ TRADING PROGRAM 532 533 Section 225.300 Purpose 534 535 The purpose of this Subpart C is to control the emissions of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) from electric 536 generating units (EGUs) annually by implementing the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program pursuant to 537 40 CFR 96, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Subpart. 538 539 **Applicability** Section 225.305 540 541 Except as provided in subsections (b)(1), (b)(3), and (b)(4) of this Section: 542 543 The following units are CAIR SO₂ units, and any source that includes one 544 or more such units is a CAIR SO₂ source subject to the requirements of 545 this Subpart C: any stationary, fossil-fuel-fired boiler or stationary, fossil-546 fuel-fired combustion turbine serving at any time, since the later of 547 November 15, 1990 or the start-up the unit's combustion chamber, a 548 generator with nameplate capacity of more than 25 MWe producing 549 electricity for sale. 550

551		2) If a	stationary boiler or stationary combustion turbine that pursuant to
552		sub	section (a)(1) of this Section, is not a CAIR SO ₂ unit begins to combust
553		fos	sil fuel or to serve a generator with nameplate capacity of more than 25
554		MV	Ve producing electricity for sale, the unit will become a CAIR SO ₂ unit
555		as r	provided in subsection (a)(1) of this Section on the first date on which it
556		bot	h combusts fossil fuel and serves such generator.
557			
558	<u>b)</u>	The units t	hat meet the requirements set forth in subsections (b)(1), (b)(3), and
559		(b)(4) of th	is Section will not be CAIR SO ₂ units and units that meet the
560		requiremen	ats of subsections (b)(2) and (b)(5) of this Section are CAIR SO ₂ units:
561		•	_
562		1) An	y unit that is a CAIR SO_2 unit pursuant to subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of
563		this	Section and:
564			
565		<u>A)</u>	Qualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month period
566			starting on the date the unit first produces electricity and
567			continuing to qualify as a cogeneration unit; and
568			
569		B)	Does not serve at any time, since the later of November 15, 1990
570		= /_	or the start-up of the unit's combustion chamber, a generator with
571			nameplate capacity of more than 25 MWe supplying any calendar
572			year more than one-third of the of the unit's potential electric
573			output capacity or 219,000 MWh, whichever is greater, to any
574			utility power distribution for sale.
575			utility power distribution for saic.
576		2) If a	unit qualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month period
577			ting on the date the unit first produces electricity and meets the
578			uirements of subsection (b)(1) of this Section for at least one calendar
579			r, but subsequently no longer meets all such requirements, the unit
580			Il become a CAIR SO ₂ unit starting on the earlier of January 1 after the
581			t calendar year during which the unit no longer qualifies as a
582			generation unit or January 1 after the first calendar year during which
583			unit no onger meets the requirements of subsection (b)(1)(B) of this
584		Sec	<u>etion.</u>
585		2)	
586			y unit that is a CAIR SO ₂ unit pursuant to subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of
587		<u>this</u>	Section commencing operation before January 1, 1985 and:
588			
589		<u>A)</u>	Qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit; and
590			
591		<u>B)</u>	With an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel for
592			1985-1987 exceeding 80 percent (on a Btu basis) and an average
593			annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel for any three
594			consecutive calendar years after 1990 exceeding 80 percent (on a
595			Btu basis).
596			

597		4)	Any unit tha	t is a CAIR SO ₂ unit under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this
598			-	mencing operation on or after January 1, 1985: and
599				
600			A) Qual	ifies as a solid waste incineration unit; and
601				
602			B) With	an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel the
603			first	three years of operation exceeding 80 percent (on a Btu basis)
604			and a	an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel for any
605			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	consecutive calendar years after 1990 exceeding 80 percent
606			(on a	Btu basis).
607				, ,
608		5)	If a unit qua	lifies as a solid waste incineration unit and meets the
609				s of subsection (b)(3) or (b)(4) of this Section for at least three
610				years, but subsequently no longer meets all such
611				s, the unit shall become a CAIR SO2 unit starting on the
612			-	nuary 1 after the first three consecutive calendar years after
613				ich the unit has an average annual fuel consumption of fuel of
614			20 percent o	r more.
615			•	
616	a)	A fos	sil fuel-fired s t	tationary boiler, combustion turbine is an electric generating
617		unit i	f it serves a ge	nerator that has a nameplate capacity greater than 25 MWe
618		and p	roduces electri	icity for sale and is not included in Appendix D of 35 Ill.
619		Adm.	Code Part 21	7. An electric generating unit is subject to the SO ₂ Trading
620		Progr	am contained	in this Subpart and is a CAIR SO ₂ unit or an affected unit for
621		the pu	urposes of this	Subpart.
622		•	•	•
623	b) —	- Notw	ithstanding sul	bsection (a) of this Section, an EGU shall not be an affected
624		unit a	nd is not subje	eet to the CAIR SO ₂ Trading Program contained in this
625		Subpa	art if it meets t	he requirements of either subsection $(b)(1)(A)$ or $(b)(2)(A)$ of
626		this S	ection, as follo	OWS:
627				
628		1)	A unit that:	
629				
630			A) Meet	ts the definition of a cogeneration unit in Section 225.130 of
631			this I	Part; and
632				
633			i) —	Qualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month period
634				starting on the date the unit first produces electricity, and
635				continues to qualify as a cogeneration unit; and
636				
637			ii) —	Does not serve at any time, since the later of November 15,
638				1990, or the start-up of the unit's combustion chamber, a
639				generator with a nameplate capacity of more than 25 MWe,
640				and which supplies in any calendar year more than one-
641				third of the unit's potential electrical output capacity or
642				219,000 MWh, whichever is greater, to a utility power

643		distribution system for sale.
644		
645		B) If a unit qualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month
646		period starting on the date the unit first produces electricity but
647		subsequently no longer qualifies as a cogeneration unit, the unit
648		shall be subject to subsection (a) of this Section starting on the
649		January 1 after which the unit first no longer qualifies as a
650		cogeneration unit.
651		.
652	2)—	A unit that:
653	,	
654		A) Qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit as defined by Section
655		129(g) of the CAA [42 U.S.C. § 7429(g)]; and
656		(g) or and or are [12] or are (g)], and
657		i) Commences operation on or after January 1, 1985; and
658		, 22
659		ii) Has an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel
660		for the first three calendar years of operation exceeding 80
661		percent (on a Btu basis) and an average annual fuel
662		consumption of non-fossil fuel for any three consecutive
663		calendar years after 1990 exceeding 80 percent (on a Btu
664		basis).
665		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
666		B) If a unit qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit and meets the
667		requirements of subsection (b)(2)(A) of this Section for at least
668		three consecutive calendar years, but subsequently no longer meets
669		all such requirements, the unit shall become an affected unit
670		starting on the January 1 after which the unit has an average annual
671		fuel consumption of fossil fuel of 20 percent or more.
672		raci consumption of rossii raci of 20 percent of more.
673	Section 225.310	Compliance Requirements
674	20.011	
675	a) The ov	wner or operator of a CAIR SO ₂ an affected unit shallmust comply with the
676		ements of the CAIR SO ₂ Trading Program for Illinois as set forth in this
677		rt Cand 40 CFR 96, subpart AAA (CAIR SO ₂ Trading Program General
678	-	ions, excluding 40 CFR §§ 96.204, and 96.206); 40 CFR 96, subpart BBB
679		Designated Representative for CAIR SO ₂ Sources); 40 CFR 96, subpart
680		CAIR SO ₂ Allowance Tracking System); 40 CFR 96, subpart GGG (CAIR
681	*	llowance Transfers); and 40 CFR 96, subpart HHH (Monitoring and
682		ting); as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Part.
683	порого	
684	b) Permit	requirements:
685	o, remit	requirement.
686	1)	The owner or operator of each source with one or more CAIR SO ₂ affected
687	1)	units at the source must apply for a permit issued by the Agency with
688		federally enforceable conditions covering the CAIR SO ₂ Trading Program
		reaction, emoticable conditions covering the Critic 502 frauling ringfalli

689 690 691 692 2) 693 694 compliance with itssuch CAIR SO₂ permit. 695 696 c) Monitoring requirements: 697 698 1) 699 700 701 702 703 704 705 representative. 706 707 2) 708 709 710 711 712 d) Emission requirements:

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- ("CAIR SO₂ permit") that complies with the requirements of Section 225.320 of this Subpart (Permit Requirements).
- The owner or operator of each CAIR SO₂ affected source and each CAIR SO₂ affected unit at the source must operate the CAIR SO₂ affected unit in
- The owner or operator of each CAIR SO₂ affected source and each CAIR SO₂ affected unit at the source must comply with the monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 96, subpart HHH. The CAIR designated representative of each CAIR SO₂ affected source and each CAIR SO₂ affected unit at the CAIR SO₂ affected source must comply with those sections of the monitoring, reporting and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR 96, subpart HHH, applicable to the CAIR designated
- The compliance of each CAIR SO₂ affected sourceunit with the emissions limitation pursuant tounder subsection (d) of this Section willshall be determined by the emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR 96, subpart HHH and 40 CFR 75.
- 1) By the allowance transfer deadline, March 1, 2011, and by March 1 of each subsequent year, the owner or operator CAIR designated representative of each CAIR SO₂ affected source and each CAIR SO₂ affected unit at the source shallmust hold a tonnage equivalent in CAIR SO₂ allowances available for compliance deductions pursuant tounder 40 CFR §§ 96.254(a) and (b) in the CAIR SO₂ affected source's CAIR SO₂ Allowance System Tracking account. The allowance transfer deadline means by midnight of March 1 (if it is a business day) or midnight of the first business day thereafter. The number of allowances held mayshall not be less than the total tons of SO₂ emissions for the control period from all CAIR SO₂ affected units at the CAIR SO₂ affected source, rounded to the nearest whole ton, as determined in accordance with 40 CFR 96, subpart HHH, plus any number of allowances necessary to account for actual utilization (e.g., for testing, start-up, malfunction, and shut down).
- Each ton of SO₂ emitted by a CAIR SO₂ an affected unit in excess of the 2) tonnage authorization number of CAIR SO₂ allowances held by the owner or operator for each CAIR SO₂ affected unit in its CAIR SO₂ Allowance System Tracking account for each day of the applicable control period willshall constitute a separate violation of this Subpart C, the Clean Air Act, and the Act.

- Each CAIR SO₂ affected unit willshall be subject to the monitoring and compliance requirements of subsections (c)(1) and (d)(1) of this Section starting on the later of January 1, 20092010, or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitoring certification requirements pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 96.270(b)(1) or (2) and for each control period thereafter.
- 4) CAIR SO₂ allowances shallmust be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among allowance accounts in accordance with this Subpart and 40 CFR 96, subparts FFF and GGG.
- In order to comply with the requirements of subsection (d)(1) of this Section, a CAIR SO₂ allowance may not be <u>deductedutilized</u> for <u>compliance according to subsection (d)(1) of this Section, for</u> a control period in a <u>calendar</u> year <u>beforeprior to</u> the year for which the allowance is allocated.
- A CAIR SO₂ allowance allocated by USEPA under the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program is a limited authorization to emit SO₂ in accordance with the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, the CAIR SO₂ permit application, the CAIR SO₂ permit, or a retired unit exemption pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 96.205, and no provision of law, willshall be construed to limit the authority of the United States or the State to terminate or limit this authorization.
- 7) A CAIR SO₂ allowance allocated by USEPA <u>pursuant tounder</u> the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program does not constitute a property right.
- 8) Upon recordation by USEPA <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40 CFR 96, subpart FFF or 40 CFR 96, subpart GGG, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of <u>a</u> <u>CAIR SO₂ an</u> allowance to or from <u>a CAIR SO₂ an affected</u> source's <u>compliance account</u> is deemed to amend automatically, and become a part of, any CAIR SO₂ permit of the CAIR SO₂ affected source. This automatic amendment of the CAIR SO₂ permit <u>willshall</u> be deemed an operation of law and will not require any further review.
- e) Recordkeeping and reporting requirements:
 - 1) Unless otherwise provided, the owner or operator of the CAIR SO₂ affected source and each CAIR SO₂ affected unit at the source shallmust keep on site at the source each of the documents listed in subsections (e)(1)(A) through (e)(1)(D) of this Section for a period of five (5) years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of five years, in writing by the Agency or USEPA.

781 A) The certificate of representation for the CAIR designated representative for the source and each CAIR SO₂ affected unit at 782 the source, all documents that demonstrate the truth of the 783 784 statements in the certificate of representation, provided that the certificate and documents must be retained on site at the source 785 786 beyond such five-year period until thesuch documents are 787 superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of 788 representation pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 96.213, changing the 789 CAIR designated representative. 790 791 All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR B) 792 96, subpart HHH. 793 794 Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other C) 795 submissions and all records made or required pursuant tounder the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program or documents necessary to 796 797 demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the CAIR SO₂ 798 Trading Program or with the requirements of this Subpart C. 799 800 Copies of all documents used to complete a CAIR SO₂ permit D) 801 application and any other submission or documents used to 802 demonstrate compliance pursuant tounder the CAIR SO₂ Trading 803 Program. 804 805 2) The CAIR designated representative of a CAIR SO₂ an affected source and each CAIR SO₂affected unit at the source must submit to the Agency and 806 807 USEPA the reports and compliance certifications required pursuant tounder the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, including those pursuant tounder 808 809 40 CFR 96, subpart HHH. 810 811 f) Liability: 812 813 1) No revision of a permit for a CAIR SO₂an affected unit may shall excuse 814 any violation of the requirements of this Subpart C or the requirements of 815 the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program. 816 817 2) Each CAIR SO₂ affected source and each affected CAIR SO₂ unit shall must 818 meet the requirements of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program. 819 820 Any provision of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program that applies to CAIR 3) SO₂ an affected source (including any provision applicable to the CAIR 821 822 designated representative of a CAIR SO₂ an affected source) will shall also 823 apply to the owner and operator of thesuch CAIR SO₂ affected source and 824 to the owner and operator of each CAIR SO₂ affected unit at the source. 825 826 Any provision of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program that applies to a CAIR 4)

SO₂an affected unit (including any provision applicable to the CAIR 828 designated representative of a CAIR SO₂an affected unit) willshall also apply to the owner and operator of the such CAIR SO₂ affected unit. 829 830 Except with regard to the requirements applicable to affected units with a common stack under 40 CFR 96, subpart HHH, the owner, the operator. 831 832 and the CAIR designated representative of an affected unit shall not be 833 liable for any violation by any other affected unit of which they are not an 834 owner or operator or the CAIR designated representative. 835 836 5) The CAIR designated representative of a CAIR SO₂ an affected unit that 837 has excess SO₂ emissions in any control period shallmust surrender the 838 allowances as required for deduction pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 839 96.254(d)(1). 840 841 The owner or operator of a CAIR SO₂an affected unit that has excess SO₂ 6) 842 emissions in any control period shallmust pay any fine, penalty, or 843 assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed pursuant tounder 844 the Act and 40 CFR § 96.254(d)(2). 845 846 g) Effect on other authorities. No provision of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, a 847 CAIR SO₂ permit application, a CAIR SO₂ permit, or a retired unit exemption 848 pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 96.205 willshall be construed as exempting or 849 excluding the owner and operator and, to the extent applicable, the CAIR 850 designated representative of a CAIR SO₂ an affected source or a CAIR 851 SO₂affected unit, from compliance with any other regulation promulgated 852 pursuant tounder the CAA, the Act, any State regulation or permit, or a federally 853 enforceable permit. 854 855 Section 225.315 **Appeal Procedures** 856 857 The appeal procedures for decisions of USEPA pursuant tounder the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program 858 are set forth in 40 CFR 78, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Part. 859 860 Section 225.320 **Permit Requirements** 861 862 Permit requirements: a) 863 864 The owner or operator of each source with a CAIR SO₂an affected unit is 1) 865 required to submit: 866 A-a complete permit application addressing all applicable CAIR 867 SO₂ Trading Program requirements for a permit meeting the 868 869 requirements of this Section 225.320, applicable to each CAIR 870 SO₂ affected unit at the source. Each CAIR SO₂ permit must shall 871 contain elements required for a complete CAIR SO₂ permit

application pursuant tounder subsection (b)(2) of this Section.

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- B) Any supplemental information that the Agency determines is necessary in order to review a CAIR permit application and issue a CAIR permit.
- 2) Each CAIR SO₂ permit will be issued pursuant to Section 39 or 39.5 of the Act, mustshall contain federally enforceable conditions addressing all applicable CAIR SO₂ Trading Program and requirements, and willshall be a complete and segregable portion of the source's entire permit pursuant tounder subsection (a)(1) of this Section.
- No CAIR SO₂ permit may shall be issued and no CAIR SO₂ Allowance System Tracking account may shall be established for the CAIR SO₂ an affected source, until the Agency and USEPA have received a complete certificate of representation for a CAIR designated representative or alternate designated representative pursuant tounder 40 CFR 96, subpart BBB, for aan source and the CAIR SO₂ affected unit at the source.
- 4) For all <u>CAIR SO₂ affected</u> units that commenced operation before July 1, 2008, the owner or operator of <u>thesuch</u> unit must submit a CAIR <u>SO₂</u> permit application meeting the requirements of this Section <u>225.320</u> on or before July 1, 2008.
- 5) For <u>CAIR SO₂ affected</u> units and that commence operation on or after July 1, 2008, and that are and are not subject to Section 39.5 of the Act, the owner or operator of such units must submit applications for construction and operating permits pursuant to the requirements of Sections 39 and 39.5 of the Act, as applicable, and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201 and thesuch applications must specify that they are applying for CAIR SO₂ permits, and must address the CAIR SO₂ permit application requirements of this Section 225.320.

b) Permit applications:

Duty to apply. The owner or operator of any source with one or more CAIR SO2 affected units shallmust submit to the Agency a CAIR SO2 permit application for the source covering each CAIR SO2 affected unit pursuant tounder subsection (b)(2) of this Section by the applicable deadline in subsection (a)(4) or (a)(5) of this Section. The owner or operator of any source with one or more CAIR SO2 affected units shallmust reapply for a CAIR SO2 permit for the source as required by this Subpart, 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201, and, as applicable, Sections 39 and 39.5 of the Act.

917 2) Information requirements for CAIR SO₂ permit applications. A complete 918 CAIR SO₂ permit application shallmust include the following elements 919 concerning the source for which the application is submitted: 920 921 A) Identification of the source, including plant name. The ORIS 922 (Office of Regulatory Information Systems) or facility code 923 assigned to the source by the Energy Information Administration 924 shallmust also be included, if applicable; 925 926 B) Identification of each CAIR SO₂ affected unit at the source; and 927 928 The compliance requirements applicable to each CAIR C) 929 SO₂affected unit as set forth in Section 225.310 of this Subpart. 930 931 An application for a CAIR SO₂ permit willshall be treated as a 3) modification of the CAIR SO₂-affected source's existing federally 932 933 enforceable permit, if such a permit has been issued for that CAIR 934 SO₂affected source, and willshall be subject to the same procedural 935 requirements. When the Agency issues a CAIR SO₂ permit pursuant to the 936 requirements of this Section 225.320, it willshall be incorporated into and 937 become part of that CAIR SO₂ affected source's existing federally 938 enforceable permit. 939 940 Permit content. Each CAIR permit is deemed to incorporate automatically the 941 definitions and terms pursuant to Section 225.120 and, upon recordation of 942 USEPA under 40 CFR 96. Subparts FFF and GGG as incorporated by reference in 943 Section 225.140, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR SO₂ 944 allowance to or from the compliance account of the CAIR SO₂ source covered by 945 the permit. 946 947 Section 225.325 **Trading Program** 948 949 a) The CAIR SO₂ Trading Program is administered by USEPA. CAIR SO₂ 950 allowances are issued as described by the definition for allocate in 40 CFR 96.220, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140determined by USEPA 951 952 pursuant to the Acid Rain Program, Title IV of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7651. The 953 amount of such CAIR SO₂ allowances to be credited to a CAIR SO₂ an affected 954 source's CAIR SO₂ Allowance Tracking System account for a CAIR SO₂ an 955 affected unit willshall be determined in accordance with 40 CFR 96.253, as 956 incorporated by reference in Section 225.140by USEPA. 957 958 b) A CAIR SO₂ allowance is a limited authorization to emit SO₂ during the calendar

year for which the allowance is allocated or any calendar year thereafter pursuant

tounder the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program as follows:

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962 1) For one CAIR SO₂ allowance allocated for a control period in a year 963 before 2010, one ton of SO₂the retirement ratio shall be one ton of SO₂ to 964 1.0 CAIR SO₂ allowance, except as provided for in the compliance 965 deductions pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 96.254(b); 966 967 2) For one CAIR SO₂ allowance allocated for a control period in 2010 968 through 2014, 0.5 ton of SO₂the retirement ratio shall be one ton of SO₂ to 969 2.0 CAIR SO₂ allowances, except as provided for in the compliance 970 deductions pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 96.254(b); and 971 972 For one CAIR SO₂ allowance allocated for a control period in 2015 or 3) 973 later, 0.35 ton of SO₂the retirement ration shall be one ton of SO₂ to 2.86 974 CAIR SO₂ allowances, except as provided for in the compliance 975 deductions pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 96.254(b). 976 977 SUBPART D: CAIR NO_x ANNUAL TRADING PROGRAM 978 979 Section 225.400 Purpose 980 981 The purpose of this Subpart D is to control the annual emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO_x) from 982 electric generating units (EGU) by determining allocations and implementing the CAIR NO_x 983 Annual Trading Program. 984 985 **Applicability** Section 225.405 986 987 Except as provided in subsections (b)(1), (b)(3), and (b)(4) of this Section: 988 989 The following units are CAIR NO_x units, and any source that includes one 990 or more such units is a CAIR NO_x source subject to the requirements of 991 this Subpart D: any stationary, fossil-fuel-fired boiler or stationary, fossil-992 fuel-fired combustion turbine serving at any time, since the later of 993 November 15, 1990 or the start-up the unit's combustion chamber, a 994 generator with nameplate capacity of more than 25 MWe producing 995 electricity for sale. 996 997 If a stationary boiler or stationary combustion turbine that pursuant to 998 subsection (a)(1) of this Section, is not a CAIR NO_x unit begins to 999 combust fossil fuel or to serve a generator with nameplate capacity of 1000 more than 25 MWe producting electricity for sale, the unit will become a CAIR NO_x unit as provided in subsection (a)(1) of this Section on the first 1001 1002 date on which it both combusts fossil fuel and serves such generator. 1003 1004 The units that meet the requirements set forth in subsections (b)(1), (b)(3), and b) 1005 (b)(4) of this Section will not be CAIR NO_x units and units that meet the 1006 requirements of subsections (b)(2) and (b)(5) of this Section are CAIR NO_x units:

1008	1)	Any unit that is a CAIR NO_x unit pursuant to subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of
1009		this Section and:
1010		
1011		A) Qualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month period
1012		starting on the date the unit first produces electricity and
1013		continuing to qualify as a cogeneration unit; and
1014		The state of the s
1015		B) Does not serve at any time, since the later of November 15, 1990
1016		or the start-up of the unit's combustion chamber, a generator with
1017		nameplate capacity of more than 25 MWe supplying any calendar
1018		year more than one-third of the of the unit's potential electric
1019		output capacity or 219,000 MWh, whichever is greater, to any
1020		utility power distribution for sale.
1020		utility power distribution for saic.
1021	2)	If a unit qualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month period
1023	<u>4)</u>	starting on the date the unit first produces electricity and meets the
1023		requirements of subsection (b)(1) of this Section for at least one calendar
1024		year, but subsequently no longer meets all such requirements, the unit
1025		
		shall become a CAIR NO _x unit starting on the earlier of January 1 after the
1027		first calendar year during which the unit no longer qualifies as a
1028		cogeneration unit or January 1 after the first calendar year during which
1029		the unit no longer meets the requirements of subsection (b)(1)(B) of this
1030		Section.
1031	2)	
1032	<u>3)</u>	Any unit that is a CAIR NO_x unit pursuant to subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of
1033		this Section commencing operation before January 1, 1985 and:
1034		
1035		A) Qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit; and
1036		
1037		B) With an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel for
1038		1985-1987 exceeding 80 percent (on a Btu basis) and an average
1039		annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel for any three
1040		consecutive calendar years after 1990 exceeding 80 percent (on a
1041		Btu basis).
1042		
1043	<u>4)</u>	Any unit that is a CAIR NO_x unit under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this
1044		Section commencing operation on or after January 1, 1985: and
1045		
1046		A) Qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit; and
1047		
1048		B) With an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel the
1049		first three years of operation exceeding 80 percent (on a Btu basis)
1050		and an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel for any
1051		three consecutive calendar years after 1990 exceeding 80 percent
1052		(on a Btu basis).
1053		

1054		5) If a unit qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit and meets the
1055		requirements of subsection (b)(3) or (b)(4) of this Section for at least three
1056		consecutive years, but subsequently no longer meets all such
1057		requirements, the unit shall become a CAIR NO _x unit starting on the
1058		earlier of January 1 after the first three consecutive calendar years after
1059		1990 for which the unit has an average annual fuel consumption of fuel of
1060		20 percent or more.
1061	a)	A fossil fuel-fired stationary boiler, combustion turbine or combined cycle system
1062		is an electric generating unit if it serves a generator that has a nameplate capacity
1063		greater than 25 MWe and produces electricity for sale and is not included in
1064		Appendix D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code Part 217. An electric generation unit is subject
1065		to the NO _* Trading Program contained in this Subpart and is a CAIR NO _* unit or
1066		affected unit for the purposes of this Subpart.
1067		
1068	b)	Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this Section, an EGU shall not be an affected
1069	,	unit and is not subject to the NO _* Trading Program contained in this Subpart if it
1070		meets the requirements of either subsection (b)(1)(A) or (b)(2)(A) of this Section,
1071		as follows:
1072		
1073		1) A unit that:
1074		
1075		A) Meets the definition of a cogeneration unit in Section 225.130 of
1076		this Part; and
1077		
1078		i) Qualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month period
1079		starting on the date the unit first produces electricity and
1080		continues to qualify as a cogeneration unit; and
1081		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1082		ii) Does not serve at any time, since the later of November 15,
1083		1990, or the start-up of the unit's combustion chamber, a
1084		generator with a nameplate capacity of more than 25 MWe,
1085		and which supplies in any calendar year more than one-
1086		third of the unit's potential electrical output capacity or
1087		219,000 MWh, whichever is greater, to a utility power
1088		distribution system for sale.
1089		
1090		B) If a unit qualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month
1091		period starting on the date the unit first produces electricity but
1092		subsequently no longer qualifies as a cogeneration unit, the unit
1093		shall be subject to subsection (a) of this Section starting on the
1094		January 1 after which the unit first no longer qualifies as a
1095		cogeneration unit.
1096		
1097		2) A unit that:
1098		
1099		A) Qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit as defined by Section
		,

1100 1101			129(g)	of the CAA [42 U.S.C. § 7429(g)]; and
1102			i)	Commences operation on or after January 1, 1985; and
1103				
1104			ii) 	Has an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel
1105				for the first three calendar years of operation exceeding 80
1106				percent (on a Btu basis) and an average annual fuel
1107				consumption of non-fossil fuel for any three consecutive
1108				calendar years after 1990 exceeding 80 percent (on a Btu
1109				basis).
1110				
1111		B)	If a un	it qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit and meets the
1112			require	ements of subsection (b)(2)(A) of this Section for at least
1113				onsecutive calendar years, but subsequently no longer meets
1114				requirements, the unit shall become an affected unit
1115				g on the January 1 after which the unit has an average annual
1116				nsumption of fossil fuel of 20 percent or more.
1117				
1118	Section 225.4	10 Comp	liance R	equirements
1119				- 1
1120	a)	The owner or	operato	r of a CAIR NO _x an affected unit shallmust comply with the
1121	u)			AIR NO _x Annual Trading Program for Illinois agre set forth
1122				40 CFR 96, subpart AA (NO _x Annual Trading Program
1123				xcluding 40 CFR §§ 96.104, 96.105(b)(2), and 96.106); 40
1124				CAIR Designated Representative for CAIR NO _x Sources);
1125				F (CAIR NO _x Allowance Tracking System); 40 CFR 96,
1126				O _x Allowance Transfers); and 40 CFR 96, subpart HH
1127				orting); as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of
1127		this Part.	на керс	orthig), as incorporated by reference in Section 223.140 or
1128		tills Falt.		
1129	b)	Permit require	omonta:	
1130	U)	r cillit require	mems.	
1131		1) The ex	*****	operator of each source with one or more CAIR NO _x affected
		*		· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1133				arce must apply for a permit issued by the Agency with
1134			-	receable conditions covering the CAIR NO _x Annual Trading
1135		_	`	IR NO _* permit") that complies with the requirements of
1136		Section	n 225.42	20 of this Subpart (Permit Requirements).
1137		2) 77		
1138				operator of each <u>CAIR NO_xaffected</u> source and each <u>CAIR</u>
1139				nit at the source must operate the <u>CAIR NO_xaffected</u> unit in
1140		compl	iance wi	th <u>its</u> such CAIR NO * permit.
1141		3.6		
1142	c)	Monitoring re	quireme	ents:
1143		4.		
1144		*		operator of each <u>CAIR NO_xaffected</u> source and each <u>CAIR</u>
1145		<u>NO_xaf</u>	tected u	nit at the source must comply with the monitoring

requirements of 40 CFR 96, subpart HH and Section 225.450 of this Subpart. The CAIR designated representative of each CAIR NO_x affected source and each CAIR NO_x affected unit at the CAIR NO_x affected source must comply with those sections of the monitoring, reporting and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR 96, subpart HH, applicable to a CAIR designated representative.

- 2) The compliance of each <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> <u>sourceunit</u> with the NO_x emissions limitation <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsection (d) of this Section <u>willshall</u> be determined by the emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR 96, subpart HH.
- d) Emission requirements:
 - By the allowance transfer deadline, March 1, 2010, and by March 1 of each subsequent year, the allowance transfer deadline, the <u>owner or operator CAIR designated representative</u> of each <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> source and each <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> unit at the source <u>shallmust</u> hold <u>CAIR NO_x allowances available for compliance deductions <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40 CFR § 96.154(a) in the <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> source's CAIR NO_x compliance account. <u>The allowance transfer deadline means by midnight of March 1 (if it is a business day) or midnight of the first business day thereafter.</u> The number of allowances held <u>mayshall</u> not be less than the tons of NO_x emissions for the control period from all <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> units at the source, <u>rounded to the nearest whole ton</u>, as determined in accordance with 40 CFR 96, subpart HH, <u>plus any number of allowances necessary to account for actual utilization, including, but not limited to testing, start-up, malfunction, and shut down.</u></u>
 - 2) Each ton of NO_x emitted in excess of the number of CAIR NO_x allowances held by the owner or operator for each <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> unit in its CAIR NO_x compliance account for each <u>day of the applicable</u> control period <u>willshall</u> constitute a separate violation of this Subpart <u>D</u>, and the Act, and the CAA.
 - Each <u>CAIR NO_xaffected</u> unit <u>willshall</u> be subject to the monitoring and compliance requirements of subsections (c)(1) and (d)(1) of this Section starting on the later of January 1, 2009, or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitoring certification requirements <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40 CFR § 96.170(b)(1) or (b)(2) and for each control period thereafter.
 - 4) CAIR NO_x allowances shallmust be held in, deducted from, or transferred among allowance accounts in accordance with this Subpart and 40 CFR 96, subparts FF and GG.
 - 5) In order to comply with the requirements of subsection (d)(1) of this

Section, a CAIR NO_x allowance may not be <u>deductedutilized</u> for <u>compliance according to subsection (d)(1) of this Section, for</u> a control period in a year <u>beforeprior to</u> the <u>calendar</u> year for which the allowance is allocated.

- A CAIR NO_x allowance allocated by the Agency or USEPA <u>pursuant</u> tounder the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program is a limited authorization to emit one ton of NO_x in accordance with the CAIR NO_x Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR NO_x Trading Program, the CAIR NO_x permit application, the CAIR NO_x permit, or a retired unit exemption <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40 CFR § 96.105, and no provision of law, <u>willshall</u> be construed to limit the authority of the United States or the State to terminate or limit this authorization.
- 7) A CAIR NO_x allowance allocated by the Agency or USEPA <u>pursuant</u> tounder the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program does not constitute a property right.
- Upon recordation by USEPA <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40 CFR 96, subpart FF or 40 CFR 96, subpart GG, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of <u>a CAIR NO_x an</u> allowance to or from a CAIR NO_x source compliance account is deemed to amend automatically, and become a part of, any CAIR NO_x permit of the <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> source. This automatic amendment of the CAIR NO_x permit willshall be deemed an operation of law and will not require any further review.
- e) Recordkeeping and reporting requirements:
 - 1) Unless otherwise provided, the owner or operator of the <u>CAIR</u>
 <u>NO_xaffected</u> source and each <u>CAIR NO_xaffected</u> unit at the source
 <u>shallmust</u> keep on site at the source each of the documents listed in
 subsections (e)(1)(A) through (e)(1)(E) of this Section for a period of five
 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended
 for cause, at any time prior to the end of five years, in writing by the
 Agency or USEPA.
 - A) The certificate of representation for the CAIR designated representative for the source and each <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> unit at the source, all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, provided that the certificate and documents must be retained on site at the source beyond such five-year period until <u>thesuch</u> documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40 CFR § 96.113, changing the CAIR designated representative.

1238 B) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR 1239 96, subpart HH. 1240 1241 C) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required pursuant tounder the 1242 1243 CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program or documents necessary to 1244 demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the CAIR NO_x 1245 Annual Trading Program or with the requirements of this Subpart 1246 D. 1247 1248 D) Copies of all documents used to complete a CAIR NO_x permit 1249 application and any other submission or documents used to 1250 demonstrate compliance pursuant to under the CAIR NO_x Annual 1251 Trading Program. 1252 1253 E) Copies of all records and logs for gross electrical output and useful 1254 thermal energy required by Section 225.450 of this Subpart. 1255 1256 2) The CAIR designated representative of an a CAIR NO_x affected source and each CAIR NO_xaffected unit at the source must submit to the Agency and 1257 USEPA the reports and compliance certifications required pursuant 1258 1259 tounder the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program, including those pursuant tounder 40 CFR 96, subpart HH. 1260 1261 1262 f) Liability: 1263 1264 1) No revision of a permit for a CAIR NO_x an affected unit may shall excuse any violation of the requirements of this Subpart D or the requirements of 1265 1266 the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program. 1267 1268 2) Each CAIR NO_xaffected source and each CAIR NO_xaffected unit shallmust meet the requirements of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading 1269 1270 Program. 1271 1272 3) Any provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_xan affected source (including any provision applicable to the 1273 1274 CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_xan affected source) 1275 willshall also apply to the owner and operator of thesuch CAIR NO_xaffected source and to the owner and operator of each CAIR 1276 1277 NO_xaffected unit at the source. 1278 1279 4) Any provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program that applies to a 1280 CAIR NO_xan affected unit (including any provision applicable to the 1281 CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_xan affected unit) willshall 1282 also apply to the owner and operator of thesuch CAIR NO_xaffected unit. 1283 Except with regard to the requirements applicable to affected units with a

1284 common stack under 40 CFR 96, subpart HH, the owner, the operator, and the CAIR designated representative or alternate designated 1285 representative of an affected unit shall not be liable for any violation by 1286 1287 any other affected unit of which they are not an owner or operator or the CAIR designated representative. 1288 1289 1290 5) The CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_xan affected unit that 1291 has excess emissions in any control period shallmust surrender the 1292 allowances as required for deduction pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 1293 96.154(d)(1). 1294 1295 6) The owner or operator of a CAIR NO_xan affected unit that has excess NO_x 1296 emissions in any control period shallmust pay any fine, penalty, or 1297 assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed pursuant tounder the Act and 40 CFR § 96.154(d)(2). 1298 1299 1300 g) Effect on other authorities. No provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program, a CAIR NO, permit application, a CAIR NO, permit, or a retired unit 1301 1302 exemption <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40 CFR § 96.105 <u>willshall</u> be construed as exempting 1303 or excluding the owner and operator and, to the extent applicable, the CAIR 1304 designated representative of a CAIR NO_xan affected source or a CAIR NO_xan 1305 affected unit, from compliance with any other regulation promulgated pursuant to under the CAA, the Act, any State regulation or permit, or a federally enforceable 1306 1307 permit. 1308 1309 Section 225.415 **Appeal Procedures** 1310 1311 The appeal procedures for decisions of USEPA pursuant tounder the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading 1312 Program are set forth in 40 CFR 78, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Part. 1313 1314 Section 225.420 **Permit Requirements** 1315 1316 a) Permit requirements: 1317 1318 1) The owner or operator of each source with a CAIR NO_x an affected unit is required to submit: 1319 1320 1321 **a**A complete permit application addressing all applicable CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program requirements for a permit meeting 1322 1323 the requirements of this Section 225.420, applicable to each CAIR 1324 NO_xaffected unit at the source. Each CAIR NO_x permit shallmust 1325 contain elements required for a complete CAIR NO, permit 1326 application pursuant tounder subsection (b)(2) of this Section. 1327 1328 Any supplemental information that the Agency determines necessary in order to review a CAIR permit application and issue 1329

1330			any CAIR permit.
1331			
1332		2)	Each CAIR NO* permit will be issued pursuant to Section 39 and 39.5 of
1333			the Act, shallmust contain federally enforceable conditions addressing all
1334			applicable CAIR NO _x Annual Trading Program requirements and
1335			shallmust be a complete and segregable portion of the source's entire
1336			permit pursuant to under subsection (a)(1) of this Section.
1337			
1338		3)	No CAIR NO _x permit mayshall be issued, and no CAIR NO _x compliance
1339			account mayshall be established for a CAIR NO _x an affected source, until
1340			the Agency and USEPA have received a complete certificate of
1341			representation for a CAIR designated representative <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40
1342			CFR 96, subpart BB, for the <u>CAIR NO_xaffected</u> source and the <u>CAIR</u>
1343			NO _x affected unit at the source.
1344			
1345		4)	For all CAIR NO _x affected units that commenced operation before July 1,
1346		,	2007, the owner or operator of thesuch unit must submit a CAIR NO.
1347			permit application meeting the requirements of this Section <u>225.420</u> on or
1348			before July 1, 2007.
1349			
1350		5)	For all CAIR NO _x affected units and that commence operation on or after
1351		,	July 1, 20078, the owner or operator of thesesuch units must submit
1352			applications for construction and operating permits pursuant to the
1353			requirements of Sections 39 and 39.5 of the Act, as applicable, and 35 Ill.
1354			Adm. Code 201 and thesuch applications must specify that they are
1355			applying for CAIR NO _x permits, and must address the CAIR NO _x permit
1356			application requirements of this Section <u>225.420</u> .
1357			
1358	b)	Permi	t applications:
1359	,		
1360		1)	Duty to apply. The owner or operator of any source with one or more
1361		,	CAIR NO _x affected units shallmust submit to the Agency a CAIR NO _x
1362			permit application for the source covering each <u>CAIR NO_xaffected</u> unit
1363			<u>pursuant tounder</u> subsection (b)(2) of this Section by the applicable
1364			deadline in subsection (a)(4) or (a)(5) of this Section. The owner or
1365			operator of any source with one or more CAIR NO _x affected units
1366			shallmust reapply for a CAIR NO, permit for the source as required by
1367			this Subpart, 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201, and, as applicable, Sections 39 and
1368			39.5 of the Act.
1369			
1370		2)	Information requirements for CAIR NO _* permit applications. A complete
1371		,	CAIR NO _x permit application shallmust include the following elements
1372			concerning the source for which the application is submitted:
1373			C
1374			A) Identification of the source, including plant name. The ORIS
1375			(Office of Regulatory Information Systems) or facility code

1376 assigned to the source by the Energy Information Administration shallmust also be included, if applicable; 1377 1378 1379 B) Identification of each CAIR NO_xaffected unit at the source; and 1380 1381 C) The compliance requirements applicable to each CAIR 1382 NO_xaffected unit as set forth in Section 225.410 of this Subpart. 1383 1384 3) An application for a CAIR NO, permit willshall be treated as a 1385 modification of the CAIR NO_xaffected source's existing federally 1386 enforceable permit, if such a permit has been issued for that source, and 1387 willshall be subject to the same procedural requirements. When the Agency issues a CAIR NO, permit pursuant to the requirements of this 1388 1389 Section 225.420, it willshall be incorporated into and become part of that 1390 source's existing federally enforceable permit. 1391 1392 Permit content. Each CAIR permit is deemed to incorporate automatically the definitions and terms pursuant to Section 225.120 and, upon recordation of 1393 1394 USEPA under 40 CFR 96, Subparts FF and GG as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR NO_x 1395 1396 allowance to or from the compliance account of the CAIR NO_x source covered by 1397 the permit. 1398 1399 Section 225.425 Annual Trading Budget 1400 1401 The CAIR NO_x Annual Trading budget available for allowance allocations for each control 1402 period willshall be determined as follows: 1403 1404 a) The total base CAIR NO_x Annual Trading budget is 76,230 tons per control 1405 period for the years 2009 through 2014, subject to a reduction for two set-asides, 1406 the New Unit Set-Aside (NUSA) and the Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA). Five percent of the budget willshall be allocated to the NUSA and 25 percent willshall 1407 1408 be allocated to the CASA, resulting in a CAIR NO_x Annual Trading budget of 1409 53,361 tons available for allocation per control period pursuant to Section 1410 225.440 of this Subpart. The requirements of the NUSA are set forth in Section 225.445 of this Subpart, and the requirements of the CASA are set forth in 1411 Sections 225.455 through 225.470 of this Subpart. 1412 1413 1414 b) The total base CAIR NO_x Annual Trading budget is 63,525 tons per control 1415 period for the year 2015 and thereafter, subject to a reduction for two set-asides, the NUSA and the CASA. Five percent of the budget willshall be allocated to the 1416 NUSA and 25 percent willshall be allocated to the CASA, resulting in a CAIR 1417 1418 NO_x Annual Trading budget of 44,468 tons available for allocation per control 1419 period pursuant to Section 225.440 of this Subpart. 1420

If USEPA adjusts the total base CAIR NO_x Annual Trading budget for any

1421

c)

1422 reason, the Agency willshall adjust the base CAIR NO_x Annual Trading budget and the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading budget available for allocation, accordingly. 1423 1424 1425 Section 225.430 Timing for Annual Allocations 1426 1427 No later than By July 31, 2007 October 31, 2006, the Agency will shall submit to a) 1428 USEPA the CAIR NO_x allowance allocations, in accordance with Sections 1429 225.435 and 225.440 of this Subpart, for the 2009, 2010, and 2011 control 1430 periods. 1431 1432 By October 31, 20089, and October 31 of each year thereafter, the Agency b) 1433 willshall submit to USEPA the CAIR NO_x allowance allocations in accordance 1434 with Sections 225.435 and 225.440 of this Subpart, for the control period 1435 fourthree years after the year of the applicable deadline for submission pursuant 1436 tounder this Section 225.430. For example, on October 31, 20089, the Agency 1437 willshall submit to USEPA the allocations for the 2012 control period. 1438 1439 The Agency willshall allocate allowances from the NUSA to CAIR NO_x affected c) 1440 units that commercial operation on or after January 1, 2006. The Agency willshall report these allocations to USEPA by October 31February 15 1441 1442 ofafter the applicable control period. For example, on October 31February 15, 1443 20092010, the Agency willshall submit to USEPA the allocations from the NUSA for the 2009 control period. 1444 1445 1446 d) The Agency willshall allocate allowances from the CASA to energy efficiency, 1447 renewable energy, and clean technology projects pursuant to the criteria in 1448 Sections 225.455 through 225.470 of this Subpart. The Agency willshall report 1449 these allocations to USEPA by October 1 December 1 of each year. For example, 1450 on October 1, 2009 December, 1, 2010, the Agency willshall submit to USEPA the 1451 allocations from the CASA for the 20092010 control period, based on reductions 1452 made in the 20082009 control period. 1453 1454 Section 225.435 Methodology for Calculating Annual Allocations 1455 1456 The Agency willshall calculate converted gross electrical output (CGO), in MWh, for each CAIR NO_xaffected unit that has operated during at least one calendar year prior to the calendar year in 1457 1458 which the Agency reports the allocations to USEPA-as follows: 1459 1460 a) For control periods 2009, 2010, and 2011, the owner or operator of the unit's 1461 must submit in writing to the Agency by June 1, 2007, a statement that either 1462 gross electrical output data or heat input data is to be used to calculate the unit's converted gross electrical output (CGO). The data shall be used to calculate 1463 1464 converted gross electrical output pursuant to either subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of 1465 this Section shall be:

Gross electrical output. If the unit has four or five control periods of data,

1466 1467

1)

then the gross electrical output (GO) willshall be the average of the unit's three highest gross electrical outputs from the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, or 2005 control periods. If the unit has three or fewer control periods of gross electrical output data, the gross electrical output willshall be the average of those control periods. If the unit does not have gross electrical output for the 2004 and 2005 control periods, the gross electrical output willshall be the gross electrical output data from the 2005 control period. If the unit does not have gross electrical output, heat input shall be used pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of this Section. If a generator is served by two or more units, the gross electrical output of the generator willshall be attributed to each unit in proportion to the unit's share of the total control period heat input of these such units for the control period. The unit's converted gross electrical output (CGO) willshall be calculated as follows:

- A) If the unit is coal-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = GO \times MWh \times 1.0;$
- B) If the unit is oil-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = GO \times MWh \times 0.6; \underline{or}$
- C) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = GO \times MWh \times 0.4$
- If gross electrical output data is not provided to the Agency, Hheat input (HI) shall be used. If the unit has four or five control periods of data, the average of the unit's three highest heat input's from the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 or 2005 control period, willshall be used. If the unit has heat inputs from the 2003, 2004, or 2005 control period, the heat input willshall be the average of those years. If the unit does not have heat input from the 2004 and 2005 control periods, the heat input from the 2005 control period willshall be used. The unit's converted gross electrical output (CGO) willshall be calculated as follows:
 - A) If the unit is coal-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0967;$
 - B) If the unit is oil-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0580; or$
 - C) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: CGO (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0387.
- b) For control periods 2012 and 2013, the owner or operator of the unit must submit in writing to the Agency by June 1, 2008, a statement that either gross electrical output data or heat input data be used to calculate the unit's converted gross electrical output. The unit's converted gross electrical output shall be calculated

1514		pursuant to either subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this Section:
1515		
1516		1) Gross electrical output. The average of the unit's two most recent years of
1517		control period gross electrical output, if available; otherwise it will be the
1518		unit's most recent control period's gross electrical output. If a generator is
1519		served by two or more units, the gross electrical output of the generator
1520		shall be attributed to each unit in proportion to the unit's share of the total
1521		control period heat input of such units for the control period. The unit's
1522		converted gross electrical output shall be calculated as follows:
1523		converted gross electrical output shall be calculated as 10110 ws.
1524		A) If the unit is coal-fired:
1525		$CGO (in MWh) = GO \times MWh \times 1.0;$
1526		$\underline{\text{COO}(\text{III WW II}) - \text{OO} \land \text{IV W II} \land 1.0,}$
1527		B) If the unit is oil-fired:
1528		$\underline{CGO (in MWh)} = \underline{GO \times MWh \times 0.6};$
1529		
1530		C) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired:
1531		\underline{CGO} (in MWh) = $\underline{GO} \times \underline{MWh} \times 0.4$.
1532		
1533		2) Heat input. The average of the unit's two most recent years of control
1534		period heat input; otherwise the unit's most recent control period's heat
1535		input, e.g. for the 2012 control period the average of the unit's heat input
1536		from the 2006 and 2007 control periods. If the unit does not have heat
1537		input from the 2006 and 2007 control periods, the heat input from the
1538		2007 control period shall be used. The unit's converted gross electrical
1539		output shall be calculated as follows:
1540		
1541		A) If the unit is coal-fired:
1542		$\underline{\text{CGO}}$ (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0967;
1543		
1544		B) If the unit is oil-fired:
1545		CGO (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0580; or
1546		
1547		<u>C) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired:</u>
1548		$CGO (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0387.$
1549		
1550	<u>c</u> b)	For control period 2014 2012 and thereafter, the unit's gross electrical output
1551	<u>~</u> 0)	willshall be the average of the unit's two most recent years of control period gross
1552		electrical output, if available; otherwise <u>it will be</u> the unit's most recent control
1553		period's gross electrical output. If a generator is served by two or more units, the
1554		gross electrical output of the generator willshall be attributed to each unit in
1555		proportion to the unit's share of the total control period heat input of thesesuch
1556		units for the control period. The unit's converted gross electrical output willshall
1557		be calculated as follows:
1558		oc carculated as follows.
1559		1) If the unit is coal-fired:
1337		1) If the unit is coal-fired:

1560 CGO (in MWh) = $GO \times 1.0$; 1561 2) If the unit is oil-fired: 1562 1563 CGO (in MWh) = GO \times 0.6; or 1564 1565 3) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: 1566 CGO (in MWh) = $GO \times 0.4$. 1567 1568 de) For a unit that is a combustion turbine or boiler and has equipment used to produce electricity and useful thermal energy for industrial, commercial, heating, 1569 or cooling purposes through the sequential use of energy, the Agency willshall 1570 1571 add the converted gross electrical output calculated for electricity pursuant to 1572 subsections (a), (b), or (cb) of this Section to the converted useful thermal energy (CUTE) to determine the total converted gross electrical output for the unit 1573 1574 (TCGO). The Agency willshall determine the converted useful thermal energy by 1575 using the average of the unit's control period useful thermal energy for the prior 1576 two control periods, if available, otherwise the unit's control period useful 1577 thermal output for the prior year willshall be used. The converted useful thermal energy willshall be determined using the following equations: 1578 1579 1580 1) If the unit is coal-fired: 1581 CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) \times 0.2930; 1582 1583 2) If the unit is oil-fired: 1584 CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) \times 0.1758; or 1585 1586 3) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: 1587 CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) \times 0.1172. 1588 1589 The CAIR NOvaffected unit's converted gross electrical output and converted ed) useful thermal energy in subsections (a)(1), (b)(1), (c) and (de) of this Section for 1590 each control period willshall be based on the best available data reported or 1591 1592 available to the Agency for the CAIR NO_xaffected unit pursuant to the provisions of Section 225.450 of this Subpart. 1593 1594 1595 The CAIR NO_x affected unit's heat input in subsection g(a)(2) and g(b)(2) of this fe) Section for each control period willshall be determined in accordance with 40 1596 1597 CFR-75, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Part. 1598 1599 Section 225.440 **Annual Allocations** 1600 1601 a) For the 2009 control period, and each control period thereafter, the Agency 1602 willshall allocate CAIR NO_x allowances to all CAIR NO_x affected units in Illinois 1603 for which the Agency has calculated the total converted gross electrical output 1604 pursuant to Section 225.435 of this Subpart, a total amount of CAIR NO_x 1605 allowances equal to tons of NO_x emissions in the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading

budget available for allocation as determined in Section 225.425525 of this Subpart and allocated pursuant to this Section 225.440 of this Subpart.

b) The Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate CAIR NO_x allowances to each <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> unit on a pro-rata basis using the unit's total converted gross electrical output calculated pursuant to Section 225.435 of this Subpart. If there are insufficient allowances to allocate whole allowances <u>pro-rata</u>, <u>these such</u> unallocated allowances <u>willshall</u> be retained by the Agency and <u>willshall</u> be available for allocation in later control periods.

Section 225.445 New Unit Set-Aside (NUSA)

For the 2009 control period and each control period thereafter, the Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate CAIR NO_x allowances from the NUSA to <u>CAIR NO_x</u> affected units that commenced commercial operation on or after January 1, 2006, and do not yet have an allocation for the particular control period pursuant to Section 225.440 of this Subpart, in accordance with the following procedures:

- a) Beginning with the 2009 control period and each control period thereafter, the Agency willshall establish a separate NUSA for each control period. Each NUSA willshall be allocated CAIR NO_x allowances equal to 5 percent of the amount of tons of NO_x emissions in the base CAIR NO_x Annual Trading budget in Section 225.425 of this Subpart.
- b) The CAIR designated representative of such a new CAIR NO_x an affected unit may submit to the Agency a request, in a format specified by the Agency, to be allocated CAIR NO_x allowances from the NUSA starting with the first control period after the control period in which the new unit commences commercial operation and until the first control period for which the unit may use CAIR NO_x allowances allocated to the unit pursuant tounder Section 225.440 of this Subpart. The NUSA allowance allocation request may only be submitted after a new unit has operated during one control period, and no later than March 1January 15 ofafter the control period for which allowances from the NUSA are being requested.
- c) In a NUSA allowance allocation request <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsection (b) of this Section, the CAIR designated representative must provide in its request information for gross electrical output and useful thermal energy, if any, for the new <u>CAIR NO_xaffected</u> unit for that control period.
- d) The Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate allowances from the NUSA to a new <u>CAIR</u>
 <u>NO_xaffected</u> unit using the following procedures:
 - 1) For each new <u>CAIR NO_x affected unit that has operated in at least one</u> control period, the unit's gross electrical output for the most recent control period <u>willshall</u> be used to calculate the unit's gross electrical output. If a generator is served by two or more units, the gross electrical output of the

generator <u>willshall</u> be attributed to each unit in proportion to the unit's share of the total control period heat input of <u>thesesuch</u> units for the control period. The new unit's converted gross electrical output <u>willshall</u> be calculated as follows:

- A) If the unit is coal-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = GO \times 1.0$;
- B) If the unit is oil-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = GO \times 0.6$; or
- C) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = GO \times 0.4$.
- 2) If the unit is a combustion turbine or boiler and has equipment used to produce electricity and useful thermal energy for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes through the sequential use of energy, the Agency willshall add the converted gross electrical output calculated for electricity pursuant to subsection (de)(1) of this Section to the converted useful thermal energy to determine the total converted gross electrical output for the unit. The Agency willshall determine the converted useful thermal energy using the unit's useful thermal energy for the most recent control period. The converted useful thermal energy willshall be determined using the following equations:
 - A) If the unit is coal-fired: CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) × 0.2930;
 - B) If the unit is oil-fired: CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) × 0.1758; or
 - C) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) \times 0.1172.
- The gross electrical output and useful thermal energy in subsections (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this Section for each control period <u>willshall</u> be based on the best available data reported or available to the Agency for the <u>CAIR</u>

 <u>NO_xaffected</u> unit pursuant to the provisions of Section 225.450 of this <u>Subpart</u>.
- The Agency willshall determine a unit's un-prorated allocation (UA_y) using the unit's converted gross electrical output (CGO) plus the unit's converted useful thermal energy, if any, calculated in subsections (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this Section, converted to approximate NO_x tons (the unit's un-prorated allocation), as follows:

1700			TIA	TCGO _y *(1.0lbs/N	MWh)
1698			UA_y	$= \frac{\text{TCGO}_{y} * (}{2000}$	lbs/ton	
1699						
1700				Where:		
1701						
1702				UA_y	=	un-prorated allocation to a new
1703						CAIR NO _x affected unit.
1704				$TCGO_{v}$	=	total converted gross electrical output for a
1705				-		new <u>CAIR NO</u> _x affected unit.
1706						
1707		5)	The A	gency willsh	all alloca	ate CAIR NO _x allowances from the NUSA to
1708			new C	CAIR NO _x affe	ected uni	ts as follows:
1709						
1710			A)			control period for which CAIR NO _x
1711					-	ested has a number of allowances greater than
1712				-		un-prorated allocations for all new units
1713						es, the Agency willshall allocate the number of
1714					_	e un-prorated allocation determined for that
1715				1		section (d)(4) of this Section. If there are
1716						ces to allocate whole allowances, such
1717 1718						ces shall be retained by the Agency and shall cation in a later control period.
1718				De avanable	: 101-ä110	cation in a later control period.
1719			B)	If the NI IS	A for the	control period for which the allowances are
1720			D)			when the anomalies are user of CAIR NO_x allowances less than the
1721				-		ocation to all new <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> units
1723				_		ns, the Agency will shall allocate the available
1724						CAIR NO _x affected units on a pro-rata basis,
1725						d allocation determined for that unit pursuant
1726				_	-	of this Section. If there are insufficient
1727						te whole allowances, the such unallocated
1728				allowances	<u>will</u> shall	be retained by the Agency and willshall be
1729				available fo	r allocat	ion in a later control period.
1730						
1731			C)	_		al output or useful thermal energy reported to
1732						ection (d) of this Section is later determined to
1733				_		unit's actual gross electrical output or useful
1734						he applicable control period, the Agency
1735						unit's allocation from the NUSA for the
1736					-	od to account for the excess allowances
1737				anocated in	the prior	r control period or periods.
1738	<i>a)</i>	Tha A	gonov.	villahall ravia	wy ooah	MUSA allowance allocation request pursuent
1739 1740	e)		-			NUSA allowance allocation request <u>pursuant</u> on. The Agency <u>willshall</u> accept a NUSA
1740				` /		f the request meets, or is adjusted by the
1/41		anowa	ance all	ocanon reque	st omy I	i the request freets, or is adjusted by the

Agency as necessary to meet, the requirements of this Section <u>225.445</u>.

- 1744 f) By <u>June 1 February 8 ofafter</u> the applicable control period, the Agency <u>willshall</u>
 1745 notify each CAIR designated representative that submitted a NUSA allowance
 1746 request of the amount of CAIR NO_x allowances from the NUSA, if any, allocated
 1747 for the control period to the new unit covered by the request.
 - g) The Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate CAIR NO_x allowances to new units from the NUSA no later than <u>October 31February 15</u> ofafter the applicable control period.
 - h) After a new <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> unit has operated in one control period, it becomes an existing unit for the purposes of Section 225.440 of this Subpart only, and the Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate CAIR NO_x allowances for that unit, for the control period commencing four years in the future pursuant to Section 225.440 of this Subpart. For example, if a unit commences commercial operation in 2009, in 2010, the Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate to that unit allowances pursuant to Section 225.440 for the 20143 control period. The new <u>CAIR NO_x affected</u> unit <u>willshall</u> continue to receive CAIR NO_x allowances from the NUSA according to this Section until the unit is eligible to use the CAIR NO_x allowances allocated to the unit pursuant to Section 225.440 of this Subpart.
 - If, after the completion of the procedures in subsection (c) of this Section for a control period, any unallocated CAIR NO_x allowances remain in the NUSA for the control period, the Agency willshall, at a minimum, accrue those CAIR NO_x allowances for future control period allocations to new CAIR NO_x affected units. The Agency may from time to time elect to retire CAIR NO_x allowances in the NUSA that are in excess of 15,881 for the purposes of continued progress toward attainment and maintenance of National Ambient Air Quality Standards pursuant to the CAA.
 - Section 225.450 Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements for Gross Electrical Output and Useful Thermal Energy
 - a) By January 1, 20082007, or by the date of commencing commercial operation, whichever is later, the owner or operator of the CAIR NO_xaffected unit shallmust install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a system for measuring gross electrical output; wattmeter; and shallmust measure gross electrical output in MW-hrsmegawatt-hours on a continuous basis; and shallmust record the output of the measurement systemwattmeter. If a generator is served by two or more units, the information to determine each unit's heat input for that control period shallmust also be recorded, so as to allow each unit's share of the gross electrical output to be determined. If heat input data is used, the owner or operator shallmust comply with the applicable provisions 40 CFR 75, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Part.

b) For a CAIR NO_van affected unit that is a cogeneration unit by January 1. 20082007, or by the date the CAIR NO_x affected unit commences to produce useful thermal energy, whichever is later, the owner or operator of a CAIR NO_xan affected unit with cogeneration capabilities shallmust install, calibrate, maintain, and operate meters for steam flow in lbs/hr, temperature in degrees Fahrenheit, and pressure in PSI, to measure and record the useful thermal energy that is produced, in mmBtu/hr, on a continuous basis. Owners and operators of a CAIR NO_xan affected unit that produces useful thermal energy but uses an energy transfer medium other than steam, e.g., hot water or, glycol, shallmust install, calibrate, maintain, and operate the necessary meters to measure and record the necessary data to express the useful thermal energy produced, in mmBtu/hr, on a continuous basis. If the CAIR NO_x affected unit ceases to produce useful thermal energy, the owner or operator may cease operation of the meters, provided that operation of thesesuch meters shallmust be resumed if the CAIR NO_xaffected unit resumes production of useful thermal energy.

- c) By September 30, 2006, tThe owner or operator of CAIR NO_xan affected unit shallmust report to the Agency:
 - 1)- By June 1, 2007, the gross electrical output for control periods 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005, if available, and, the unit's useful thermal energy data, if applicable. If gross electric output is not available, heat input shall be used for those control periods 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 for which gross electrical output data is not available. If a generator is served by two or more units, the documentation needed to determine each unit's share of the heat input of such units for that control period shallmust also be submitted. If heat input data is used, the owner or operator shallmust comply with the applicable provisions 40 CFR 75, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Part.
 - 2) By June 1, 2008, the gross electrical output for control periods 2006 and 2007, if available, and the unit's useful thermal energy data, if applicable. If a generator is served by two or more units, the documentation needed to determine each unit's share of the heat input of such units for that control period must also be submitted. If heat input data is used, the owner or operator must comply with the applicable provisions of 40 CFR 75, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140.
- d) Beginning with year 20082007, the CAIR designated representative of the CAIR NO_xaffected unit shallmust submit to the Agency quarterly, by no later than January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31, and January 31 of each year, information for the CAIR NO_xaffected unit's gross electrical output, on a monthly basis for the prior quarter, and, if applicable, the unit's useful thermal energy for each month.

- e) The owner or operator of a CAIR NO_x an affected unit shallmust maintain on-site the monitoring plan detailing the monitoring system, maintenance of the monitoring system, including quality assurance activities <u>pursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR 60 and 75</u>, including the applicable provisions for the measurement of gross electrical output for the CAIR NO_x trading program and, if applicable, for new units. The monitoring plan must include, but is not limited to:
 - 1) A description of the system to be used for the measurement of gross electrical output including a list of any data logging devices, solid-state kW meters, rotating kW meters, electromechanical kW meters, current transformers, potential transformers, pressure taps, flow venture, orifice plates, flow nozzles, vortex meters, turbine meters, pressure transmitters, differential pressure transmitters, termperature transmitters, thermocouples, and resistance temperature detectors.
 - 2) A certification statement by the CAIR designated representative that all components of the gross electrical output system have been tested to be accurate within three percent and that the gross electrical output system is accurate to within ten percent.
- f) The owner or operator of a CAIR NO_x an affected unit shallmust retain records for at least 5 years from the date the record is created or the data collected in subsections (a) and (b) of this Section, and the reports submitted to the Agency and USEPA in accordance with subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. The owner or operator of a CAIR NO_x an affected unit shallmust retain the monitoring plan required in subsection (e) of this Section for at least five years from the date that it is replaced by a new or revised monitoring plan.

Section 225.455 Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA)

- a) A project sponsor may apply for allowances from the CASA for sponsoring an energy efficiency and conservation, renewable energy, or clean technology project as set forth in Section 225.460 of this Subpart by submitting the application required by Section 225.470 of this Subpart.
- b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this Section, a project sponsor with a CAIR NO_x an affected source that is out of compliance with this Subpart for a given control period may not apply for allowances from the CASA for that control period. If a source receives CAIR NO_x allowances from CASA and then is subsequently found to have been out of compliance with this Subpart for the applicable control period or periods, the project sponsor must restore the CAIR NO_x allowances that it received pursuant to its CASA request or an equivalent number of CAIR NO_x allowances to the CASA within six months of receipt of an Agency notice that NO_x allowances must be restored finding of noncompliance.

1877 1878		These distribu		ices willshall be assigned to the fund from which they were					
1879									
1880	c)	The Agency will not act as a mediator in situations where more than one project							
1881		sponsor requests CAIR NO _* allowances for the same project. If more than one							
1882		project	sponso	er submits an application for allowances for the same project for the					
1883		same c	e control period, the Agency shall reject all such applications.						
1884									
1885	d)	CAIR	AIR NO _x allowances from CASA willshall be allocated in accordance with the						
1886		proced	rocedures in Section 225.475 of this Subpart.						
1887									
1888	<u>d</u> e)	The pr	oject sp	onsor may submit an application that aggregates two or more					
1889		project	s under	a CASA project category that would individually result in less than					
1890				, but that equal at a minimum one whole allowance when					
1891		aggreg	ated. T	he Agency shall not allocate allowances for projects totaling less					
1892		than or	ie whol	e allowance after rounding.					
1893									
1894	Section 225.4	60	Energy	Efficiency and Conservation, Renewable Energy, and Clean					
1895				ology Projects					
1896									
1897	a)	Energy	efficie	ncy and conservation project means any of the following projects					
1898	,			n Illinois:					
1899		1							
1900		1)	Deman	nd side management projects that reduce overall power demand by					
1901		,		ess energy, include:					
1902			υ						
1903			A)	Smart building management software that more efficiently					
1904			,	regulates power flows.					
1905									
1906			B)	The use of or replacement to high efficiency motors, pumps,					
1907			,	compressors, or steam systems.					
1908				1 , ,					
1909			C)	Lighting retrofits.					
1910					٠				
1911		2)	Energy	efficient new building construction projects include:					
1912		,	- 63	r games games games					
1913			A)	ENERGY STAR qualified new home projects.					
1914)						
1915			B)	Measures to reduce or conserve energy consumption beyond the	Ì				
1916			-,	requirements of the Illinois Energy Conservation Code for	ı				
1917				Commercial Buildings (20 ILCS 687/6-3).					
1918									
1919			C)	New residential construction projects that qualify for Energy					
1920			- /	Efficient Tax Incentives <u>pursuant tounder</u> the Energy Policy Act of					
1921				2005, 42 U.S.C. §15801 (2005).					
1922				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ı				

1923		3)	Supp	ly-side energy efficiency projects include projects implemented to
1924			impr	ove the efficiency in electricity generation by coal-fired power plants,
1925			and t	he efficiency of electrical transmission and distribution systems.
1926				
1927		4)	High	ly efficient power generation projects, such as, but not limited to,
1928			comb	pined cycle projects, combined heat and power, and microturbines.
1929			To be	e considered a highly efficient power generation project <u>pursuant</u>
1930			<u>to</u> unc	$\frac{der}{der}$ this subsection $\frac{(a)(4)}{(a)}$, a project must meet, the applicable
1931			thres	holds and criteria listed below:
1932				
1933			A)	For combined heat and power projects generating both electricity
1934				and useful thermal energy for space, water, or industrial process
1935				heat, a rated-energy efficiency of at least 60 percent and is not a
1936				CAIR NO _x unit.
1937				
1938			B)	For combined cycle projects rated at greater than 0.50 MW, a
1939			,	rated-energy efficiency of at least 50 percent.
1940				and a Copy of the
1941			C)	For microturbine projects rated at or below 0.50 MW and all other
1942			- /	projects, rated-energy efficiency of at least 40 percent.
1943				r system, make a garage and a resident a resident and a resident and a resident and a resident and a resident a resident and a
1944	b)	Rene	wable e	energy project means any of the following projects implemented in
1945	,	Illino		
1946				
1947		1)	Zero	-emission electric generating projects, including wind, solar (thermal
1948		,		otovoltaic), and hydropower projects. Eligible hydropower plants are
1949				cted to new generators, that are not replacements of existing
1950				rators, that commence operation on or after January 1, 2006, and do
1951			_	nvolve the significant expansion of an existing dam or the
1952				cruction of a new dam.
1953				
1954		2)	Rene	wable energy units are those units that generate electricity using more
1955		,		50 percent of the heat input, on an annual basis, from dedicated crops
1956				n for energy production or the capture systems for methane gas from
1957			_	ills, water treatment plants or sewage treatment plants, and organic
1958				e biomass, and other similar sources of non-fossil fuel energy.
1959				wable energy projects do not include energy from incineration by
1960				ing or heating of waste wood, tires, garbage, general household,
1961				utional lunchroom or office waste, landscape waste, or construction
1962				molition debris.
1963			or de	montion deoris.
1964	c)	Clea	n techno	plogy project for reducing emissions from producing electricity and
1965	ς,			al energy means any of the following projects implemented in
1966		Illing		are chergy means any or the ronowing projects implemented in
1967		111111	,10.	
1968		1)	Δirn	sollution control equipment upgrades at existing coal-fired electric
1700		1)	7 M P	onation control equipment appraises at existing coal-incu cicetite

generating unitEGUs, as follows: installation of flue gas desulfurization (FGD) for control of SO_2 emissions; installation of a baghouse for control of particulate matter emissions; and installation of selective catalytic reduction (SCR), selective non-catalytic reduction (SNCR), or other addon control devices for control of NO_x emissions. Air pollution control upgrade projects do not include the addition of low NO_x burners, overfired air techniques or gas reburning techniques for control of NO_x emissions; projects involving flue gas conditioning techniques or upgrades, or replacement of electrostatic precipitators; or addition of activated carbon injection or other sorbent injection system for control of mercury. For this purpose, a unit willshall be considered "existing" after it has been in commercial operation for at least eight years.

- 2) Clean coal technologies projects include:
 - A) Integrated gasification combined cycle (IGCC) plants.
 - B) Fluidized bed coal combustion.
- d) <u>In addition to those projects excluded in subsections (a) through (c) of this Section, the following projects are also not eEnergy efficiency and conservation, renewable energy, or clean technology projects listed in subsection (a) through (c) of this Section shall not include:</u>
 - 1) <u>N</u>nuclear power projects.;
 - <u>P</u>projects required to meet emission standards or technology requirements under State or federal law or regulation—(, except that allowances may be allocated for:
 - <u>A)</u> <u>T</u>the installation of a baghouse).;
 - B) Projects undertaken pursuant to Section 225.233.
 - <u>P</u>projects used to meet the requirements of a court order or consent decree, except that allowances may be allocated for:
 - A) Emission rates or limits achieved that are lower than what is required to meet the emission rates or limits for SO₂ or NO_x, or for installing a baghouse as provided for in a court order or consent decree entered into before May 30, 2006.
 - B) Projects used to meet the requirements of a court order or consent decree entered into on or after May 30, 2006, if the court order or consent decree does not specifically preclude such allocations.

- 2015 <u>Aa</u> Supplemental Environmental Project (SEP). <u>CASA allowances shall</u> 2016 not be allocated to such projects.
 - e) Applications for projects that that are not specifically listed in subsections (a) through (c) of this Section, and that are not specifically excluded by definition in subsections (a) through (c) of this Section or by specific exclusion in subsection (d) of this Section, may be submitted to the Agency. The Such application shallmust designate which category or categories from those listed in subsections (a)(1) through (c)(2)(B) of this Section best fits the proposed project and the applicable formula pursuant tounder Section 225.465(b) of this Section to calculate the number of allowances that it is requesting. The Agency willshall determine whether the application is approvable based on a sufficient demonstration by the project sponsor that the project is a new type of energy efficiency, renewable energy, or clean technology project, similar in its effects as the projects specifically listed in subsection (a) through (c) of this Section.
 - f) Early adopter projects include projects that meet the criteria for any energy efficiency and conservation, renewable energy, or clean technology projects listed in subsections (a), (b), (c), and (e) of this Section and commence construction between July 1, 2006, and December 31, 2012.

Section 225.465 CASA Allowances

a) The CAIR NO_x allowances for the CASA for each control period <u>willshall</u> be assigned to the following categories of projects:

		Phase I (2009-2014)	Phase II (2015 and thereafter)
1)	Energy Efficiency and Conservation/ Renewable Energy	9149	7625
2)	Air Pollution Control Equipment Upgrades	3811	3175
3)	Clean Coal Technology	4573	3810
4)	Early Adopters	1525	1271

- b) The following formulas <u>mustshall</u> be used to determine the number of CASA allowances that may be allocated to a project per control period:
 - 1) For an energy efficiency and conservation project pursuant to Sections 225.460(a)(1) through (a)(4)(A)(3) of this Subpart, the number of allowances <u>mustshall</u> be calculated using the number of megawatt hours of

electricity that was not consumed during a control period and the following formula:

A =
$$(MWh_c) \times (1.5 \text{ lb/MWh}) / 2000 \text{ lb}$$

Where:

A = The number of allowances for a particular project.

MWh_c = The number of megawatt hours of electricity conserved <u>or generated</u> during a control period by a project.

2) For a zero emission electric generating projects pursuant to Section 225.460(b)(1) of this Subpart, the number of allowances mustshall be calculated using the number of megawatt hours of electricity generated during a control period and the following formula:

$$A = (MWh_g) \times (2.0 \text{ lb/MWh}) / 2000 \text{ lb}$$

Where:

A = The number of allowances for a particular project

MWh_g = The number of megawatt hours of electricity
generated during a control period by a project.

3) For a renewable energy emission unit pursuant to Section 225.460(b)(2) of this Subpart, the number of allowances mustshall be calculated using the number of MWhmegawatt hours of electricity generated during a control period and the following formula:

$$A = (MWh_g) \times (0.5 \text{ lb/MWh}) / 2000 \text{ lb}$$

Where:

A = The number of allowances for a particular project.

MWh_g = The number of MW hours of electricity generated during a control period by a project.

- 4) For an air pollution control equipment upgrade project pursuant to Section 225.460(c)(1) of this Subpart, the number of allowances willshall be calculated as follows:
 - A) For NO_x or SO₂ control projects, by determining the difference in emitted NO_x or SO₂ per control period using the emission rate before and after replacement or improvement, and the following formula:

2107 2108	A=	(MWh	$_{\mathrm{g}}) \times \mathrm{K} >$	\times (ER _B lb/MWh - ER _A lb/MWh) / 2000 lb	
2109 2110		Where			
2111		A	=	The number of allowances for a particular	
2111		A	_	<u> •</u>	
		MWh	_	project. The number of magazinet hours of electricity.	
2113 2114		MWh_g	_	The number of megawatt hours of electricity	
2114				generated during a control period by a	
2113		K	=	project. The pollutent factors for NO V= 0.1; and	
		K	_	The pollutant factor: for NO_x , $K = 0.1$; and	
2117		ED	_	for SO_2 , $K = 0.05$.	
2118		ER_{B}	=	Average NO_x or SO_2 emission rate based on	ı
2119				CEMS data from the most recent two	
2120				control periods prior to the replacement or	l
2121				improvement of the control equipment in	
2122				lb/MWh, unless subject to a court order	
2123				or consent decree. For units subject to a	
2124				court order or consent decree entered into	
2125				before May 30, 2006, ER _B is limited to	
2126				emission rates that are lower than the	
2127				emission rate required in the consent decree	
2128				or court order. For a court order or consent	
2129				decree entered into after May 30, 2006, ER _B	
2130				is limited to the lesser of the emission rate	
2131				specified in the court order or consent	
2132				decree or the actual average emission rate	
2133				during the control period. If such limit is	
2134				not expressed in lb/MWh, the limit must be	
2135				converted into lb/MWh using a heat rate of	
2136		ED		10 mmBtu/1 MW.	
2137		ER_A	=	Annual NO _x or SO ₂ average emission rate	
2138				for the applicable control period data based	
2139				on CEMS data in lb/MWh.	
2140	г 1	1		4	
2141 B)	For a t	oaghous	e projec	et:	
2142		0.011	\ (0)	0.011.0.0011	
2143	A =	(MWh	g) × (<u>Q</u> (9.2 lb/MWh) / 2000 lb	
2144		** *1			
2145		Where	•		
2146					
2147		A	=	The number of allowances for a	
2148) (33 ²⁴		particular project.	ı
2149		MWh_g	=	The number of MWhmegawatt hours of	
2150				electricity generated during a control period	
2151				or the portion of a control period that the	
2152				units were controlled by the baghouse.	

2153					Q	= (0.2, unless installed pursuant to a court order
2154							or consent decree which does not specify a
2155						_	factor, then $Q = 0.05$, or if installed pursuant
2156							o a consent decree or court order that does
2157							pecify a factor then Q equals a factor not to
2158							exceed 0.2.
2159						_	
2160	5	5)	For hig	ghly eff	icient p	ower gen	eration and <u>clean technology</u> IGCC projects
2161							(4)(B), -(a)(4)(C), and (c)(2) of this
2162							nces mustshall be calculated using the
2163							electricity the project generates during a
2164					_		g formula:
2165				1			
2166			A	=	(MWł	$(1.0) \times (1.0)$	lb/MWh – ER lb/MWh) / 2000 lb
2167		•			(111 111	ig) // (1.0	Elt lo/M vil) / 2000 le
2168				Where	ż.		
2169				*** 1101	•		
2170				A	=	The nun	ber of allowances for a particular project.
2171				MWh			ber of megawatt hours of electricity
2172				171 77 118	3		d during a control period by a project.
2173				ER	=	_	average NO _x emission rate based on CEMS
2174				LIC			b/MWh.
2175						autu III I	0/11/1/11.
-110							
2176	6	6)	For a C	CASA	project t	that comm	nencesed construction before December 31
2176 2177	ϵ						nencesed construction before December 31,
2177	6		2012, i	in addit	tion to t	he allowa	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections
2177 2178	6		2012, i (b)(1)	in addit through	tion to to (b)(5)	he allowa of this Se	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request
2177 2178 2179	6		2012, i (b)(1) i additio	in addit through onal allo	tion to to to (b)(5) owances	he allowa of this Se s <u>pursuant</u>	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category
2177 2178 2179 2180	6		2012, i (b)(1) i additio pursua	in addit through onal allo nt to Se	tion to to to (b)(5) owances	he allowa of this Se s <u>pursuant</u>	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request
2177 2178 2179 2180 2181	6		2012, i (b)(1) i additio	in addit through onal allo nt to Se	tion to to to (b)(5) owances	he allowa of this Se s <u>pursuant</u>	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category
2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182	6		2012, i (b)(1) addition pursuation	in addit through onal allo nt to Se a:	tion to to to (b)(5) towances tection 2	he allowa of this Se s <u>pursuant</u> 25.460(e)	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following
2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183	6		2012, i (b)(1) i additio pursua	in addit through onal allo nt to Se	tion to to to (b)(5) towances tection 2	he allowa of this Se s <u>pursuant</u>	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following
2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184	6		2012, i (b)(1) addition pursuation	in addit through onal allo nt to Se a:	ion to	he allowa of this Se s <u>pursuant</u> 25.460(e)	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following
2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185	6		2012, i (b)(1) addition pursuation	in addit through onal allo nt to Se a:	ion to	he allowa of this Se s <u>pursuant</u> 25.460(e)	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following
2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186	6		2012, i (b)(1) addition pursuation	in addit through onal allo nt to Se a: =	ion to	the alloward of this Se is pursuant $25.460(e)$ $0.10 \times \Sigma$	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following Ai
2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187	6		2012, i (b)(1) addition pursuation	in addit through onal allo nt to Se a:	ion to	the alloward of this Se is pursuant $25.460(e)$ $0.10 \times \Sigma$ A	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following Ai
2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187 2188	6		2012, i (b)(1) addition pursuation	in addit through onal allo nt to Se a: =	ion to	the alloward of this Se some pursuant $25.460(e)$ $0.10 \times \Sigma$ A The number of the second of the seco	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following Ai the of allowances for a particular project as need in subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of
2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187 2188 2189			2012, i (b)(1) addition pursuation	in addit through onal allo nt to Se a: = Where A	ion to to (b)(5) owances ection 2	the alloward of this Se spursuant $25.460(e)$ $0.10 \times \Sigma$ A The number of this Section 1.10 The number of the section 1.10 T	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following Ai aber of allowances for a particular project as ned in subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of ction.
2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187 2188 2189 2190			2012, i (b)(1) addition pursuation	in addit through onal allo nt to Se a: =	ion to	the alloward of this Se spursuant $25.460(e)$ $0.10 \times \Sigma$ A The number of this Sector The number of the sector of	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following Ai the of allowances for a particular project as ned in subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of tion. The of allowances as determined in
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2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187 2188 2189 2190 2191 2192 2193 2194	Section 225.470 a) A) A proje	2012, i (b)(1) addition pursuated formulated A	in addit through onal allo nt to Se la: Where A A A A A A A A A A A A A	ion to	he allowar of this Se s pursuant 25.460(e) 0.10 × Σ A The num determine this Sector The num subsection this Sector this Sec	nces allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections ction, a project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following The project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following The project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following The project sponsor may also request tounder the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following the project as need in subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following the project as need in subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following the project as need in subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following the project as need in subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following the early adopter project as need in subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of the early adopter project as need in subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of the early adopter project as need in subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of the early adopter project category and the early adopter project category of this Section based on the following the early adopter project category and the early adopter pro

2198 allocated allowances from more than one CASA category for a project, if 2199 applicable. 2200 2201 1) 2202 2203 construction on or after January 1, 2003; 2204 2205 2) 2206 2207 2208 2209 3) All other projects on or after July 1, 2006. 2210 2211 b) 2212 2213 2214 are being requested. 2215 2216 c) 2217 2218 2219 provide the Agency with the following information: 2220 2221 1) 2222 2223 2224 principals or corporate officials. 2225 2226 2) 2227 2228 2229 3) 2230 2231 2232 2233 2234 2235 2236 4) 2237 2238 2239 2240 2241 on the type of project proposed. 2242 2243 A)

Demand side management, energy efficient new construction, and supply

- side energy efficiency and conservation projects that commenced
- Fluidized bed coal combustion projects, highly efficient power generation operations projects, or renewable energy emission units, which commenced construction on or after January 1, 2001; and
- Beginning with the 2009 control period and each control period thereafter, a project sponsor may request allowances from the CASA. The application must be submitted to the Agency by May 1 of the control period for which the allowances
- The allocation willshall be based on the electricity conserved or generated in the control period preceding the calendar year in which the application is submitted. To apply for a CAIR NO_x allocation from the CASA, project sponsors must
 - Identification of the project sponsor, including name, address, type of organization, certification that the project sponsor has met the definition of "project sponsor" as set forth in Section 225.130, and name(s) of the
 - The number of the CAIR NO_x general or compliance account for the project and the name of the associated CAIR account representative.
 - A description of the project or projects, location, the role of the project sponsor in the projects, and a general explanation of how the amount of energy conserved or generated was measured, verified, and calculated, and the number of allowances requested and the with the supporting calculations. The number of allowances requested willshall be calculated using the applicable formula from Section 225.470(b) of this Section.
 - Detailed information to support the request for allowances, including the following types of documentation for the measurement and verification of the NO_x emissions reductions, electricity generated, or electricity conserved using established measurement verification procedures, as applicable. The measurement and verification required willshall depend
 - As applicable, documentation of the project's base and control

2244 period conditions and resultant base and control period energy 2245 data, using the procedures and methods included in M&VGuidelines: Measurement and Verification for Federal Energy 2246 2247 *Projects*, incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Part, or other method approved by the Agency. Examples include: 2248 2249 2250 i) Energy consumption and demand profiles; 2251 2252 ii) Occupancy type; 2253 2254 iii) Density and periods; 2255 2256 iv) Space conditions or plant throughput for each operating 2257 period and season. (For example, in a building this would include the light level and color, space temperature, 2258 2259 humidity and ventilation); 2260 2261 v) Equipment inventory, nameplate data, location, condition; 2262 2263 2264 Equipment operating practices (schedules and set points, vi) 2265 actual temperatures/pressures). 2266 2267 Emissions data, including, if applicable, CEMS data; B) 2268 2269 C) Information for rated–energy efficiency including supporting 2270 documentation and calculations; and 2271 Electricity, in MWh generated or conserved for the applicable 2272 D) 2273 control period. 2274 2275 5) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (c)(4) of this Section, applications for fewer than five allowances may propose other reliable and 2276 applicable methods of quantification acceptable to the Agency. 2277 2278 2279 6) Any additional information requested by the Agency to determine the correctness of the requested number of allowances, including site 2280 2281 information, project specifications, supporting calculations, operating procedures, and maintenance procedures. 2282 2283 2284 7) The following certification by the responsible official for the project sponsor and the applicable CAIR account representative for the project: 2285 2286 2287 "I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the project sponsor 2288 and the holder of the CAIR NO_x general account or compliance account 2289 for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I

2290 have personally examined, and am familiar with the statements and 2291 information submitted in this application and all its attachments. Based on 2292 my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining 2293 the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the 2294 best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware 2295 that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and 2296 information or omitting required statements and information." 2297 2298 d) A project sponsor may request allowances from the CASA for each project a total 2299 number of control periods not to exceed the number of control periods listed 2300 below. After a project has been allocated allowances from CASA, subsequent 2301 requests for the project from the project sponsor shallmust include the information 2302 required by subsections (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(3) and (c)(7) of this Section, a 2303 description of any changes, or further improvements made to the project, and 2304 information specified in subsections (c)(5) and (c)(6) as specifically requested by 2305 the Agency. 2306 2307 1) For energy efficiency and conservation projects (except for efficient 2308 operation and renewable energy projects), for a total of eight control 2309 periods. 2310 2311 2) For early adopter projects, for a total of ten control periods. 2312 2313 3) For air pollution control equipment upgrades for a total of 15 control 2314 periods. 2315 2316 <u>4</u>3) For renewable energy projects, clean coal technology, and highly efficient 2317 power generation projects, for each year that the project is in operation. 2318 2319 A project sponsor must keep copies of all CASA applications and the e) documentation used to support the application for at least five years. 2320 2321 2322 Section 225.475 Agency Action on CASA Applications 2323 2324 By September October 1, 2009, and each September October 1 thereafter, the a) Agency willshall determine the total number of allowances that are approvable for 2325 allocation to project sponsors based upon the applications submitted pursuant to 2326 2327 Section 225.470 of this Subpart. 2328 2329 1) The Agency willshall determine the number of CAIR NO_x allowances that 2330 are approvable based on the formulas and the criteria for thesesuch 2331 projects. The Agency willshall notify a project sponsor within 90 days 2332 after receipt of an application if the project is not approvable, the number 2333 of allowances requested is not approvable, or additional information is 2334 needed by the Agency to complete its review of the application. 2335

2336 2) If the total number of CAIR NO_x allowances requested for approved projects is less than or equal to the number of CAIR NO_x allowances in the CASA project category, the number of allowances that are approved willshall be allocated to each CAIR NO_x compliance or general account.

- 3) If more CAIR NO_x allowances are requested than the number of CAIR NO_x allowances in a given CASA project category, allowances willshall be allocated on a pro-rata basis based on the number of allowances available, subject to further adjustment as provided for by subsection (b) of this Section. CAIR NO_x allowances willshall be allocated, transferred, or used as whole allowances. The number of whole allowances willshall be determined by rounding down for decimals less than 0.5 and rounding up for decimals of 0.5 or greater.
- b) <u>For control periods 2011 and thereafter, i</u>If there are, after the completion of the procedures in subsection (a) of this Section for a control period, any CAIR NO_x allowances not allocated to a CASA project for the control period:
 - The remaining allowances <u>will accrue</u> in each CASA project category will accrue up to twice the number of allowances that are assigned to the project category each control period as set forth in Section 225.465 of this Subpart.
 - 2) For control period 2011 and thereafter, If any allowances remain after allocations pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section, the Agencyin a project category that are in excess of twice the number assign for the control period as set forth in Section 225.465 of this Subpart willshall beallocate these allowances pro-rata to projects that received fewer allowances than requested, based on the number of allowances not allocated but approved by the Agency for the project under CASA. No project may be allocated more allowances than approved by the Agency for the applicable redistributed to project categories that have fewer than twice the number of allowances assigned to that project category for the control period.
 - 3) For control period 2011 and thereafter If any allowances remain after the allocation of allowances pursuant to subsection (b)(2) of this Section, the Agency willshall then distribute pro-rata the remaining reallocate allowances to projects that received fewer allowances than requested and approved on a pro-rata basis, based on the total number of approved allowances for the projects to project categories that have fewer than twice the number of allowances assigned to that project category. The pro-rata distribution will be based on the difference between two times the project category and the number of allowances that remain in the project category.

- 4) For control period 2011 and thereafter, if after the redistribution of allowances pursuant to subsection (b)(2) any allowances remain, these allowances shall be reassigned to project categories that have fewer than twice the number of allowances annually assigned to that project category as set forth in Section 225.465 of this Subpart, after the allocation in subsection (b)(3) of this Section.
 - The Agency shall repeat the process of allocating allowances to CASA projects that received fewer allowances than requested and approved, and reassigning allowances to project categories as set forth in subsections (b)(2), (b)(3), and (b)(4) of this Section, until no allowances remain to be reassigned between project categories and the approved allowance requests have been filled. If allowances still remain unallocated undistributed after the allocations and distributions in the above subsections are completed, the Agency may elect to retire the any CAIR NO_x allowances that have not been distributed to any CASA category remain after all approved requests for allowances have been met and each project category has accrued twice the number of allowances assigned for that project category to continue progress toward attainment or maintenance of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards pursuant to the CAA.

Section 225.480 Compliance Supplement Pool

In addition to the CAIR NO_x allowances allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> Section 225.4<u>2</u>35 of this <u>Subpart</u>, the USEPA has provided an additional 11,299 CAIR NO_x allowances from the federal compliance supplement pool to Illinois for the control period in 2009. On January 1, 2009, the Agency <u>willshall</u> retire all 11,299 NO_x allowances for public health and air quality improvements.

SUBPART E: CAIR NO_x OZONE SEASON TRADING PROGRAM

Section 225.500 Purpose

The purpose of this Subpart \underline{E} is to control the seasonal emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO_x) from electric generating unit \underline{EGU} s by determining allocations and implementing the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program.

Section 225.505 Applicability

- a) Except as provided in subsections (b)(1), (b)(3), and (b)(4) of this Section:
 - 1) The following units are CAIR NO_x Ozone Season units, and any source that includes one or more such units is a CAIR NO_x source subject to the requirements of this Subpart E: any stationary, fossil-fuel-fired boiler or stationary, fossil-fuel-fired combustion turbine serving at any time, since

2427 the later of November 15, 1990 or the start-up the unit's combustion 2428 chamber, a generator with nameplate capacity of more than 25 MWe 2429 producing electricity for sale. 2430 2431 If a stationary boiler or stationary combustion turbine that pursuant to 2432 subsection (a)(1) of this Section, is not a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season unit 2433 begins to combust fossil fuel or to serve a generator with nameplate 2434 capacity of more than 25 MWe producing electricity for sale, the unit will become a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season unit as provided in subsection (a)(1) 2435 2436 of this Section on the first date on which it both combusts fossil fuel and 2437 serves such generator. 2438 2439 The units that meet the requirements set forth in subsections (b)(1), (b)(3), and 2440 (b)(4) of this Section will not be CAIR NO_x units and units that meet the 2441 requirements of subsections (b)(2) and (b)(5) of this Section are CAIR NO_x 2442 Ozone Season units: 2443 2444 1) Any unit that is a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season unit pursuant to subsection 2445 (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this Section and: 2446 2447 Oualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month period 2448 starting on the date the unit first produces electricity and 2449 continuing to qualify as a cogeneration unit; and 2450 2451 Does not serve at any time, since the later of November 15, 1990 2452 or the start-up of the unit's combustion chamber, a generator with nameplate capacity of more than 25 MWe supplying any calendar 2453 year more than one-third of the of the unit's potential electric 2454 2455 output capacity or 219,000 MWh, whichever is greater, to any utility power distribution for sale. 2456 2457 2458 If a unit qualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month period 2) starting on the date the unit first produces electricity and meets the 2459 requirements of subsection (b)(1) of this Section for at least one calendar 2460 2461 year, but subsequently no longer meets all such requirements, the unit shall become a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season unit starting on the earlier of 2462 January 1 after the first calendar year during which the unit no longer 2463 2464 qualifies as a cogeneration unit or January 1 after the first calendar year 2465 during which the unit no longer meets the requirements of subsection (b)(1)(B) of this Section. 2466 2467 2468 3) Any unit that is a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season unit pursuant to subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this Section commencing operation before January 1, 2469 2470 1985 and: 2471 2472 Oualifies as a solid waste incineration unit; and

2473		
2474		B) With an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel for
2475		1985-1987 exceeding 80 percent (on a Btu basis) and an average
2476		annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel for any three
2477		consecutive calendar years after 1990 exceeding 80 percent (on a
2478		Btu basis).
2479		<u> </u>
2480		4) Any unit that is a CAIR NO _x Ozone Season unit under subsection (a)(1) or
2481		(a)(2) of this Section commencing operation on or after January 1, 1985:
2482		and
2483		unu
2484		A) Qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit; and
2485		(11) Quanties as a solid waste ineliteration unit, and
2486		B) With an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel the
2480 2487		first three years of operation exceeding 80 percent (on a Btu basis)
2488		and an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel for any
2489		three consecutive calendar years after 1990 exceeding 80 percent
2490		(on a Btu basis).
2491		5) If a wait avalifies as a solid waste in singustion wait and mosts the
2492		5) If a unit qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit and meets the
2493		requirements of subsection (b)(3) or (b)(4) of this Section for at least three
2494		consecutive years, but subsequently no longer meets all such
2495		requirements, the unit shall become a CAIR NO _x Ozone Season unit
2496		starting on the earlier of January 1 after the first three consecutive calendar
2497		years after 1990 for which the unit has an average annual fuel
2498		consumption of fuel of 20 percent or more.
2499	a)	A fossil fuel-fired stationary boiler, combustion turbine or combined cycle system
2500		is an electrical generating unit if it serves a generator that has a nameplate
2501		capacity greater than 25 MWe and produces electricity for sale and is not included
2502		in Appendix D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code Part 217. An electric generating unit is
2503		subject to the CAIR NO* Ozone Season Trading Program contained in this
2504		Subpart and is a CAIR NO _* Ozone Season unit or affected unit for the purposes of
2505		this Subpart.
2506		
2507	b) —	Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this Section, an EGU shall not be an affected
2508		unit and is not subject to the CAIR NO* Ozone Season Trading Program
2509		contained in this Subpart if it meets the requirements of either subsection
2510		(b)(1)(A) or (b)(2)(A) of this Section, as follows:
2511		
2512		1) A unit that:
2513		
2514		A) Meets the definition of a cogeneration unit in Section 225.130 of
2515		this Part; and
2516		
2517		i) Qualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month period
2518		starting on the date the unit first produces electricity and

2519			continues to qualify as a cogeneration unit; and
2520			
2521			ii) Does not serve at any time, since the later of November 15,
2522			1990, or the start-up of the unit's combustion chamber, a
2523			generator with a nameplate capacity of more than 25 MWe,
2524			and which supplies in any calendar year more than one-
2525			third of the unit's potential electrical output capacity or
2526			219,000 MWh, whichever is greater, to a utility power
2527			distribution system for sale.
2528			
2529		B)	If a unit qualifies as a cogeneration unit during the 12-month
2530		-,	period starting on the date the unit first produces electricity but
2531			subsequently no longer qualifies as a cogeneration unit, the unit
2532			shall be subject to subsection (a) of this Section starting on the
2533			January 1 after which the unit first no longer qualifies as a
2534			cogeneration unit.
2535			Cogonoration unit.
2536	2)	A unit	that:
2537	2)	71 dilit	that.
2538		A)	Qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit as defined by Section
2539		11)	129(g) of the CAA [42 U.S.C. 7429(g)]; and
2540			12)(g) of the Chir [42 0.5.C. 742)(g)], and
2541			i) Commences operation on or after January 1, 1985; and
2542			1) Commences operation on or after January 1, 1985; and
2543			ii) Has an average annual fuel consumption of non-fossil fuel
2544			for the first three calendar years of operation exceeding 80
2545			percent (on a Btu basis) and an average annual fuel
2546			consumption of non-fossil fuel for any three consecutive
2547			
2548			calendar years after 1990 exceeding 80 percent (on a Btu
2549			basis).
2550		B)	If a unit qualifies as a solid waste incineration unit and meets the
2551		D)	requirements of subsection (b)(2)(Λ) of this Section for at least
2552			three consecutive calendar years, but subsequently no longer meets
2553			all such requirements, the unit shall become an affected unit
2554			starting on the January 1 after which the unit has an average annual
2555			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			fuel consumption of fossil fuel of 20 percent or more.
2556	Section 225 510	Commi	ion on Dogwingments
2557	Section 225.510	Compi	iance Requirements
2558	د) تار		anarator of a CAID NO. Ozona Sassanan affected weit mouth 11
2559			operator of a CAIR NO _x Ozone Seasonan affected unit mustshall
2560			he requirements of the CAIR NO _x Ozone Season Trading Program
2561			set forth in this Subpart <u>E</u> and 40 CFR 96, subpart AAAA (CAIR
2562			eason Trading Program General Provisions) (excluding 40 CFR §§
2563			5(b)(2), and 96.306); 40 CFR 96, subpart BBBB (CAIR Designated
2564	Re	presentative	e for CAIR NO _x Ozone Season Sources); 40 CFR 96, subpart FFFF

2565 (CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Allowance Tracking System); 40 CFR 96, subpart 2566 GGGG (CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Allowance Transfers); and 40 CFR 96, subpart HHHH (Monitoring and Reporting); as incorporated by reference in 2568 Section 225.140 of this Part.

b) Permit requirements:

- The owner or operator of each source with one or more <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone</u> <u>Seasonaffected</u> units at the source must apply for a permit issued by the Agency with federally enforceable conditions covering the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program ("CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit") that complies with the requirements of Section 225.520 of this Subpart (Permit Requirements).
- 2) The owner or operator of each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> source and each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit at the source must operate the <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit in compliance with <u>itssuch</u> CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit.

c) Monitoring requirements:

- The owner or operator of each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> source and each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit at the source must comply with the monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 96, subpart HHHH; 40 CFR 75; and Section 225.550 of this <u>Subpart</u>. The CAIR designated representative of each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> source and each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit at the source must comply with those sections of the monitoring, reporting and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR 6, subpart HHHH, applicable to a CAIR designated representative.
- The compliance of each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> sourceunit with the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season emissions limitation <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsection (d) of this Section <u>willshall</u> be determined by the emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR 96, subpart HHHH.

d) Emission requirements:

1) By the allowance transfer deadline, November 30, 2009, and by November 30, of each subsequent year, the allowance transfer deadline, the owner or operator CAIR designated representative of each CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected source and each CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit at the source mustshall hold allowances available for compliance deductions pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 96.354(a) in the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season source's compliance account. The allowance transfer deadline

means by midnight of November 30 (if it is business day) or midnight of the first business day thereafter. The number of allowances held mayshall not be less than the tons of NO_x emissions for the control period from all CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected units at the CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected units at the CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected source, rounded to the nearest whole ton, as determined in accordance with 40 CFR 96, subpart HHHH, plus any number of allowances necessary to account for actual utilization including, but not limited to, testing, start up, malfunction, and shut down.

- Each ton of NO_x emitted in excess of the number of CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances held by the owner or operator for each <u>CAIR NO_x</u> Ozone Season affected unit in its CAIR NO_x Ozone Season compliance account for each <u>day of the applicable</u> control period <u>willshall</u> constitute a separate violation of this Subpart <u>E_x</u> and the Act, and the CAA.
- Each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit <u>willshall</u> be subject to the monitoring <u>and compliance</u> requirements of subsections (c)(1) <u>and (d)(1)</u> of this Section starting on the later of <u>MayJanuary</u> 1, 2009, or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitoring certification requirements <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40 CFR § 96.370(b)(1), (b)(2) or (b)(3) <u>and for each control period thereafter</u>.
- 4) CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances <u>mustshall</u> be held in, deducted from, or transferred <u>into</u> among allowance accounts in accordance with this Subpart and 40 CFR 96, subparts FFFF and GGGG.
- 5) In order to comply with the requirements of subsection (d)(1) of this Section, a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowance may not be deducted utilized for compliance according to subsection (d)(1) of this Section, for a control period in a calendar year before prior to the year for which the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowance is allocated.
- A CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowance allocated by the Agency or USEPA <u>pursuant tounder</u> the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program is a limited authorization to emit one ton of NO_x in accordance with the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program, the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit application, the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit, or a retired unit exemption <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40 CFR § 96.305, and no provision of law, <u>willshall</u> be construed to limit the authority of the United States or the State to terminate or limit this authorization.
- 7) A CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowance allocated by the Agency or USEPA <u>pursuant tounder</u> the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program does not constitute a property right.

- 8) Upon recordation by USEPA <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40 CFR 96, subpart FFFF or subpart GGGG, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of an allowance to or from a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season source compliance account is deemed to amend automatically, and become a part of, any CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit of the <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Season affected</u> source. This automatic amendment of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit <u>willshall</u> be deemed an operation of law and will not require any further review.
- e) Recordkeeping and reporting requirements:
 - Unless otherwise provided, the owner or operator of the <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone</u> <u>Seasonaffected</u> source and each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit at the source <u>mustshall</u> keep on site at the source each of the documents listed in subsections (e)(1)(A) through (e)(1)(E) of this Section for a period of five years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of five years, in writing by the Agency or USEPA.
 - A) The certificate of representation for the CAIR designated representative for the source and each CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffeeted unit at the source, all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, provided that the certificate and documents must be retained on site at the source beyond such five-year period until thesuch documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation pursuant tounder_40 CFR § 96.313, changing the CAIR designated representative.
 - B) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR 96, subpart HHHH.
 - C) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required <u>pursuant tounder</u> the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program or documents necessary to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program or with the requirements of this Subpart <u>E</u>.
 - D) Copies of all documents used to complete a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit application and any other submission <u>or documents</u> <u>used to demonstrate compliance pursuant tounder</u> the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program.
 - E) Copies of all records and logs for gross electrical output and useful thermal energy required by Section 225.550 of this Subpart.

The CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected source and each CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit at the source must submit to the Agency and USEPA the reports and compliance certifications required pursuant tounder the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program, including those pursuant tounder 40 CFR 96, subpart HHHH and Section 225.550 of this Subpart.

f) Liability:

- 1) No revision of a permit for <u>a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected</u> unit <u>mayshall</u> excuse any violation of the requirements of this Subpart <u>E</u> or the requirements of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program.
- 2) Each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> source and each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone</u> <u>Seasonaffected</u> unit <u>mustshall</u> meet the requirements of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program.
- Any provision of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected source (including any provision applicable to the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected source) willshall also apply to the owner and operator of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected source and to the owner and operator of each CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit at the source.
- Any provision of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit (including any provision applicable to the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit) willshall also apply to the owner and operator of thesuch CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit. Except with regard to the requirements applicable to affected units with a common stack under 40 CFR 96, subpart HHHH, the owner, the operator, and the CAIR designated representative or alternate designated representative of an affected unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other affected unit of which they are not an owner or operator or the CAIR designated representative.
- The CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit that has excess emissions in any control period mustshall surrender the allowances as required for deduction pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 96.354(d)(1).
- 6) The owner or operator of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit that has excess NO_x emissions in any control period mustshall pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed pursuant

2749 tounder the Act and 40 CFR \S 96.354(d)(2). 2750 2751 Effect on other authorities. No provision of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season g) 2752 Trading Program, a CAIR NO_{*} Ozone Season permit application, a CAIR NO_{*} Ozone Season permit, or a retired unit exemption pursuant tounder 40 CFR § 2753 2754 96.305 willshall be construed as exempting or excluding the owner and operator 2755 and, to the extent applicable, the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x 2756 Ozone Season an affected source or a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit, 2757 from compliance with any other regulation promulgated pursuant tounder the 2758 CAA, the Act, any State regulation or permit, or a federally enforceable permit. 2759 2760 Section 225.515 **Appeal Procedures** 2761 2762 The appeal procedures for decisions of USEPA pursuant tounder the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season 2763 Trading Program are set forth in 40 CFR 78, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of 2764 this Part. 2765 2766 Section 225.520 **Permit Requirements** 2767 2768 a) Permit requirements: 2769 2770 1) The owner or operator of each source with a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan 2771 affected unit is required to submit: 2772 2773 -Aa complete permit application addressing all applicable CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program requirements for a permit 2774 2775 meeting the requirements of this Section 225.520, applicable to each CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit at the source. Each 2776 2777 CAIR NO_{*} Ozone Season permit mustshall contain elements 2778 required for a complete CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit 2779 application pursuant tounder subsection (b)(2) of this Section. 2780 2781 Any supplemental information that the Agency determines necessary in order to review a CAIR permit application and issue 2782 2783 any CAIR permit. 2784 2785 2) Each CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit will be issued pursuant to Section 2786 39 of 39.5 of the Act and willshall contain federally enforceable conditions addressing all applicable CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading 2787 2788 Program requirements and willshall be a complete and segregable portion 2789 of the source's entire permit pursuant tounder subsection (a)(1) of this 2790 Section. 2791 2792 No CAIR NO CAIR NO CAIR Permit may shall be issued, and no CAIR 3) 2793 NO_x Ozone Season compliance account mayshall be established for a

2794

CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected source, until the Agency and USEPA

have received a complete certificate of representation for a CAIR designated representative <u>pursuant tounder</u> 40 CFR 96, subpart BBBB, for the <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> source and the <u>CAIR NO_x</u> <u>Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit at the source.

- 4) For all <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> units that commenced operation before July 1, 2007, the owner or operator of <u>thesuch</u> unit must submit a CAIR <u>NO_x Ozone Season</u> permit application meeting the requirements of this Section <u>225.520</u> on or before July 1, 2007.
- For all affected units and that commence operation on or after July 1, 20078, the owner or operator of these such units must submit applications for construction and operating permits pursuant to the requirements of Sections 39 and 39.5 of the Act, as applicable, and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201, and thesuch applications must specify that they are applying for CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permits, and must address the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit application requirements of this Section 225.520.

b) Permit applications:

- Duty to apply. The owner or operator of any source with one or more CAIR NOx Ozone Season affected units mustshall submit to the Agency a CAIR NOx Ozone Season permit application for the source covering each CAIR NOx Ozone Seasonaffected unit pursuant tounder subsection (b)(2) of this Section by the applicable deadline in subsection (a)(4) or (a)(5) of this Section. The owner or operator of any source with one or more CAIR NOx Ozone Seasonaffected units mustshall reapply for a CAIR NOx Ozone Season permit for the source as required by this Subpart, 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201, and, as applicable, Sections 39 and 39.5 of the Act.
- 2) Information requirements for CAIR NO_{*}Ozone Season permit applications. A complete CAIR NO_{*}Ozone Season permit application mustshall include the following elements concerning the source for which the application is submitted:
 - A) Identification of the source, including plant name. The ORIS (Office of Regulatory Information Systems) or facility code assigned to the source by the Energy Information Administration mustshall also be included, if applicable;
 - B) Identification of each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Season</u>affected unit at the source; and
 - C) The compliance requirements applicable to each <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone</u> <u>Seasonaffected</u> unit as set forth in Section 225.510 of this Subpart.

- An application for a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit willshall be treated as a modification of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected source's existing federally enforceable permit, if such a permit has been issued for that source, and willshall be subject to the same procedural requirements. When the Agency issues a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season permit pursuant to the requirements of this Section 225.520, it willshall be incorporated into and become part of that source's existing federally enforceable permit.
- c) Permit content. Each CAIR permit is deemed to incorporate automatically the definitions and terms pursuant to Section 225.120 and, upon recordation of USEPA under 40 CFR 96, Subparts FFFF and GGGG as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowance to or from the compliance account of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season source covered by the permit.

Section 225.525 Ozone Season Trading Budget

The CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading budget available for allowance allocations for each control period <u>willshall</u> be determined as follows:

- a) The total base CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading budget is 30,701 tons per control period for the years 2009 through 2014, subject to a reduction for two setasides, the NUSA and the CASA. Five percent of the budget willshall be allocated to the NUSA and 25 percent willshall be allocated to the CASA, resulting in a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading budget available for allocation of 21,491 tons per control period pursuant to Section 225.540 of this Subpart. The requirements of the NUSA are set forth in Section 225.545 of this Subpart, and the requirements of the CASA are set forth in Sections 225.555 through 225.570 of this Subpart.
- b) The total base CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading budget is 28,981 tons per control period for the year 2015 and thereafter, subject to a reduction for two setasides, the NUSA and the CASA. Five percent of the budget <u>willshall</u> be allocated to the NUSA and 25 percent <u>willshall</u> be allocated to the CASA, resulting, in a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading budget available for allocation of 20,287 tons per control period pursuant to Section 225.540 of this Subpart.
- c) If USEPA adjusts the total base CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading budget for any reason, the Agency <u>willshall</u> adjust the base CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading budget CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading budget available for allocation, accordingly.

Section 225.530 Timing for Ozone Season Allocations

a) No later than By July 31, 2007 October 31, 2006, the Agency will shall submit to USEPA the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowance allocations, in accordance with

2887 Sections 225.535 and 225.540 of this Subpart for the 2009, 2010, and 2011 control periods.

- b) By OctoberJuly 31, 20082009, and OctoberJuly 31 of each year thereafter, the Agency willshall submit to USEPA the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowance allocations in accordance with Sections 225.535 and 225.540 of this Subpart, for the control period fourthree years after the year of the applicable deadline for submission pursuant tounder this Section 225.530. For example, on July 31, 20082009, the Agency willshall submit to USEPA the allocation for the 2012 control period.
- c) The Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate allowances from the NUSA to <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone</u> <u>Seasonaffected</u> units that commence commercial operation on or after May 1, 2006. The Agency <u>willshall</u> report these allocations to USEPA by <u>July 31November 15 ofafter</u> the applicable control period. For example, on <u>July 31, 2009 November 15, 2009</u>, the Agency <u>willshall</u> submit to USEPA the allocations from the NUSA for the 2009 control period.
- d) The Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate allowances from the CASA to energy efficiency, renewable energy, and clean technology projects pursuant to the criteria in Sections 225.555 through 225.570 of this Subpart. The Agency <u>willshall</u> report these allocations to USEPA by <u>October December</u> 1 of each year. For example, on <u>October 1, 2009 December 1, 2010</u>, the Agency <u>willshall</u> submit to USEPA the allocations from the CASA for the <u>2009 2010</u> control period, based on reductions made in the <u>2008 2009</u> control period.

Section 225.535 Methodology for Calculating Ozone Season Allocations

The Agency <u>willshall</u> calculate converted gross electrical output (CGO), in MWh, for each <u>CAIR</u> <u>NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit that has operated during at least one control period prior to the calendar year in which the Agency reports the allocations to USEPA as follows:

- a) For control periods 2009, 2010, and 2011, the owner or operator of the unit's must submit in writing to the Agency by June 1, 2007, a statement that either gross electrical output data or heat input is to be used to calculate converted gross electrical output (CGO). The data shall be used calculate converted gross electrical output pursuant to either subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this Section:
 - Gross electrical output. If the unit has four or five control periods of data, then the gross electrical output (GO) willshall be the average of the unit's three highest gross electrical outputs from the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, or 2005 control periods. If the unit has three or fewer control periods of gross electrical outputs, the gross electrical output willshall be the average of those control periods. If the unit does not have gross electrical output for the 2004 and 2005 control periods, the gross electrical output willshall be the gross electrical output from the 2005 control period. If the unit

does not have gross electrical output, then heat input shall be used pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of this Section.—If a generator is served by two or more units, then the gross electrical output of the generator willshall be attributed to each unit in proportion to the unit's share of the total control period heat input of these such units for the control period. The unit's converted gross electrical output willshall be calculated as follows:

- A) If the unit is coal-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = GO \times MWh \times 1.0$;
- B) If the unit is oil-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = GO \times MWh \times 0.6$; or
- C) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = GO \times MWh \times 0.4.$
- If gross electrical output is not provided to the Agency, hHeat input. (HI) shall be used. If the unit has four or five control periods of data, the average of the unit's three highest control period heat inputs from 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 or 2005 willshall be used. If the unit has heat input from the 2003, 2004, or 2005 control periods, the heat input shall be the average of those control periods. If the unit does not have heat input from the 2004 and 2005 control periods, the heat input from the 2005 control period willshall be used. The unit's converted gross electrical output willshall be calculated as follows:
 - A) If the unit is coal-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0967;$
 - B) If the unit is oil-fired: $CGO (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0580; or$
 - C) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: CGO (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0387.
- For control periods 2012 and 2013, the owner or operator of the unit must submit in writing to the Agency by June 1, 2008, a statement that either gross electrical output data or heat input data be used to calculate the unit's converted gross electrical output. The unit's converted gross electrical output shall be calculated pursuant to either subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this Section:
 - 1) Gross electrical output. The average of the unit's two most recent years of control period gross electrical output, if available; otherwise it will be the unit's most recent control period's gross electrical output. If a generator is served by two or more units, the gross electrical output of the generator

2979 shall be attributed to each unit in proportion to the unit's share of the total control period heat input of such units for the control period. The unit's 2980 converted gross electrical output shall be calculated as follows: 2981 2982 2983 A) If the unit is coal-fired: CGO (in MWh) = $GO \times MWh \times 1.0$; 2984 2985 2986 B) If the unit is oil-fired: 2987 CGO (in MWh) = $GO \times MWh \times 0.6$; 2988 2989 If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: 2990 CGO (in MWh) = $GO \times MWh \times 0.4$. 2991 2992 Heat input. The average of the unit's two most recent years of control 2993 period heat input; otherwise the unit's most recent control period's heat 2994 input, e.g. for the 2012 control period the average of the unit's heat input 2995 from the 2006 and 2007 control periods. If the unit does not have heat 2996 input from the 2006 and 2007 control periods, the heat input from the 2997 2007 control period shall be used. The unit's converted gross electrical 2998 output shall be calculated as follows: 2999 3000 A) If the unit is coal-fired: 3001 CGO (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0967; 3002 3003 B) If the unit is oil-fired: 3004 CGO (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0580; or 3005 3006 C) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: CGO (in MWh) = HI (in mmBtu) \times 0.0387. 3007 3008 3009 For control period 20142012 and thereafter, the unit's gross electrical output 3010 willshall be the average of the unit's two most recent control period's gross 3011 electrical output, if available, otherwise it will be the unit's most recent control 3012 period gross electrical output. If a generator is served by two or more units, the gross electrical output of the generator willshall be attributed to each unit in 3013 3014 proportion to the unit's share of the total control period heat input of thesesuch 3015 units for the control period. The unit's converted gross electrical output will-shall be calculated as follows: 3016 3017 3018 1) If the unit is coal-fired: 3019 CGO (in MWh) = $GO \times 1.0$; 3020 3021 2) If the unit is oil-fired: 3022 CGO (in MWh) = $GO \times 0.6$; or 3023 If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: 3024 3)

 $CGO (in MWh) = GO \times 0.4.$ 3026

- Ge) For a unit that is a combustion turbine or boiler and has equipment used to produce electricity and useful thermal energy for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes through the sequential use of energy, the Agency willshall add the converted gross electrical output calculated for electricity pursuant to subsections (a) or (b) or (c) of this Section to the converted useful thermal energy (CUTE) to determine the total converted gross electrical output for the unit (TCGO). The Agency willshall determine the converted useful thermal energy by using the average of the unit's control period useful thermal energy for the prior two control periods, if available, otherwise the unit's control period useful thermal output for the prior year willshall be used. The converted useful thermal energy willshall be determined using the following equations:
 - 1) If the unit is coal-fired: CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) × 0.2930;
 - 2) If the unit is oil-fired: CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) \times 0.1758; or
 - 3) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) \times 0.1172.
- The <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit's <u>converted</u> gross electrical output and converted useful thermal energy in subsections (a)(1), (b)(1), and (c), and (d) of this Section for each control period <u>willshall</u> be based on the best available data reported or available to the Agency for the <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit pursuant to the provisions of Section 225.550 of this Subpart.
- <u>f-e</u>) The <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit's heat input in subsections (a)(2) <u>and</u> (b)(2) of this Section for each control period <u>willshall</u> be determined in accordance with 40 CFR 75, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Part.

Section 225 540 Ozone Season Allocations

a) For the 2009 control period, and each control period thereafter, the Agency willshall allocate CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances to all CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffeeted units in Illinois for which the Agency has calculated the total converted gross electrical output, including converted useful thermal energy, if any, as determined inpursuant to Section 225.535 of this Subpart, a total amount of CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances equal to tons of NO_x emissions in the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading budget available for allocation as determined in Section 225.525 of this Subpart and allocated pursuant to this Section 225.540 of this Subpart.

b) The Agency willshall allocate CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances to each CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit on a pro-rata basis using the unit's total converted gross electrical output calculated pursuant to Section 225.535 of this Subpart. If there are insufficient allowances to allocate whole allowances prorata, these such unallocated allowances willshall be retained by the Agency and willshall be available for allocation in later control periods.

Section 225.545 New Unit Set-Aside (NUSA)

For the 2009 control period and each control period thereafter, the Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances from the NUSA to <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> units that commenced commercial operation on or after May 1, 2006, and do not yet have an allocation for the particular control period pursuant to Section 225.540 of this Subpart, in accordance with the following procedures:

- a) Beginning with the 2009 control period and each control period thereafter, the Agency willshall establish a separate NUSA for each control period. Each new unit set-aside willshall be allocated CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances equal to 5 percent of the amount of tons of NO_x emissions in the base CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading budget in Section 225.525 of this Subpart.
- b) The CAIR designated representative of such a new CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit may submit to the Agency a request, in a format specified by the Agency, to be allocated CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances from the NUSA starting with the first control period after the control period in which the new unit commences commercial operation and until the first control period for which the unit may use CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances allocated to the unit pursuant tounder Section 225.540 of this Subpart. The NUSA allowance allocation request may only be submitted after a new unit has operated during one control period, and no later than March 1 of October 15 after the control period for which allowances from the NUSA are being requested.
- c) In a NUSA allowance allocation request <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsection (b) of this Section, the CAIR designated representative must <u>provide include</u> in its request <u>must provide in its request the</u> information for <u>the</u> gross electrical output and useful thermal energy, if any, for the new <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit for that control period.
- d) The Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate allowances from the NUSA to a new <u>CAIR NO_x</u>

 <u>Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit using the following procedures:
 - 1) For each new <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit that has operated during at least one control period, the unit's gross electrical output for the most recent control period, <u>willshall</u> be used to calculate the unit's gross electrical output. If a generator is served by two or more units, the gross electrical output of the generator <u>willshall</u> be attributed to each unit in

3117 proportion to the unit's share of the total control period heat input of thesesuch units for the control period. The new unit's converted gross 3118 electrical output willshall be calculated as follows: 3119 3120 3121 A) If the unit is coal-fired: 3122 CGO (in MWh) = $GO \times 1.0$; 3123 3124 B) If the unit is oil-fired: 3125 CGO (in MWh) = GO \times 0.6; or 3126 3127 C) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: 3128 CGO (in MWh) = $GO \times 0.4$. 3129 3130 2) If the unit is a combustion turbine or boiler and has equipment used to 3131 produce electricity and useful thermal energy for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes through the sequential use of energy, the 3132 3133 Agency willshall add the converted gross electrical output calculated for 3134 electricity pursuant to subsection (de)(1) of this Section to the converted useful thermal energy to determine the total converted gross electrical 3135 output for the unit. The Agency willshall determine the converted useful 3136 3137 thermal energy using the unit's useful thermal energy for the most recent control period. The converted useful thermal energy willshall be 3138 determined using the following equations: 3139 3140 3141 A) If the unit is coal-fired: 3142 CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) \times 0.2930; 3143 3144 B) If the unit is oil-fired: 3145 CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) \times 0.1758; or 3146 3147 C) If the unit is neither coal-fired nor oil-fired: 3148 CUTE (in MWh) = UTE (in mmBtu) \times 0.1172. 3149 3150 The gross electrical output and useful thermal energy in subsections (d)(1) 3) 3151 and (d)(2) of this Section for the control period in each year willshall be based on the best available data reported or available to the Agency for the 3152 CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit pursuant to the provisions of 3153 3154 Section 225.550 of this Subpart. 3155 3156 The Agency willshall determine a unit's un-prorated allocation (*UA*_n) 4) 3157 using the unit's converted gross electrical output plus the unit's converted 3158 useful thermal energy, if any, calculated in subsections (d)(1) and (d)(2) of 3159 this Section, converted to approximate NO_x tons (the unit's un-prorated allocation), as follows: 3160 3161

			TCGO×(1.	.0lbs/M	Wh)
3162		UA_y	$= \frac{\text{TCGO}_{y} \times (1.5)}{200011}$	os/ton	
3163			Whara		
3164 3165			Where:		
3166			UA_v	=	un-prorated allocation to a new CAIR NO _x
3167			O7 Ly		Ozone Season affected unit.
3168			$TCGO_v$	=	total converted gross electrical output for a
			redo _y	_	
3169 3170					new <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Season</u> affected unit.
3170		5) The A	oency willsha	u alloca	te CAIR NO _x Ozone Season allowances from
3172		,	-		ozone Seasonaffected units as follows:
3173			<u> </u>		<u>x o zonio o cuison</u> urro con cinito di romo mo.
3174		A)	If the NUSA	for the	control period for which CAIR NO _x Ozone
3175			Season allow	ances a	re requested has a number of allowances
3176			-	-	to the total un-prorated allocations for all new
3177				-	g allowances, the Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate the
3178					s using the un-prorated allocation determined
3179 3180					toin subsection (d)(4) of this Section. If there rances to allocate whole allowances, such
3181					es shall be retained by the Agency and shall
3182					ation in a later control period.
3183			oc avanaore	ioi unoc	ation in a later control period.
3184		B)	If the NUSA	for the	control period for which the allowances are
3185		,			per of CAIR NO _x Ozone Season allowances
3186			less than the	total un-	-prorated allocation to all new <u>CAIR NO_x</u>
3187			•		ed units requesting allocations, the Agency
3188			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		available allowances for new <u>CAIR NO</u> _x
3189					d units on a pro-rata basis, using the un-
3190			-		etermined for that unit pursuant to subsection
3191 3192			() ()		. If there are insufficient allowances to ances, thesuch unallocated allowances
3192					by the Agency and willshall be available for
3194					ontrol period.
3195				u 14101 0	onwor period.
3196		C)	If the gross e	lectrical	output or useful thermal energy reported to
3197		,			to subsection (d) of this Section is later
3198			determined to	o be gre	ater than the unit's actual gross electrical
3199			-		mal energy for the applicable control period,
3200					reduce the unit's allocation from the NUSA
3201					ol period to account for the excess allowances
3202			allocated in t	ne prior	control period or periods.
3203 3204	ه)	The Agency	willehall ravios	w each N	NUSA allowance allocation request <u>pursuant</u>
3204	e)				on. The Agency will shall accept a NUSA
3203		to direct subst	conon (o) or th	15 500110	In The Highley windham accept a 110011

allowance allocation request only if the request meets, or is adjusted by the Agency as necessary to meet, the requirements of this Section 225.545.

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- f) By <u>June 1 of November 8 after</u> the applicable control period, the Agency <u>willshall</u> notify each CAIR designated representative that submitted a NUSA allowance request of the amount of CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances from the NUSA, if any, allocated for the control period to the new unit covered by the request.
 - g) The Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances to new units from the NUSA no later than <u>July 31 of November 15 after</u> the applicable control period.
 - h) After a new <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit has operated in one control period, it becomes an existing unit for the purposes of Section 225.540 of this <u>Subpart</u> only, and the Agency <u>willshall</u> allocate CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances for that unit, for the control period commencing four years in the future pursuant to Section 225.540 of this <u>Subpart</u>. The new <u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected</u> unit <u>willshall</u> continue to receive CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances from the NUSA according to this Section until the unit is eligible to use the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances allocated to the unit pursuant to Section 225.540 of this <u>Subpart</u>.
 - i) If, after the completion of the procedures in subsection (c) of this Section for a control period any unallocated CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances remain in the NUSA for the control period, the Agency willshall, at a minimum, accrue those CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances for future control period allocations to new CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffeeted units. The Agency may from time to time elect to retire CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances in the NUSA that are in excess of 7,245 for the purposes of continued progress toward attainment and maintenance of National Ambient Air Quality Standards pursuant to the CAA.

Section 225.550 Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements for Gross Electrical Output and Useful Thermal Energy

a) By January 1, 2007, or by the date of commencing commercial operation, whichever is later, the owner or operator of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit mustshall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a system for measuring gross electrical output wattmeter; and mustshall measure gross electrical output in MW-hrsmegawatt-hours on a continuous basis; and mustshall record the output of the measurement systemwattmeter. If a generator is served by two or more units, the information to determine each unit's heat input for that control period mustshall also be recorded, so as to allow each unit's share of gross electrical output to be determined. If heat input data is used, the owner or operator mustshall comply with the applicable provisions 40 CFR 75, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Part.

b) For a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit that is a cogeneration unit by January 1, 2007, or by the date the CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit commences to produce useful thermal energy, whichever is later, the owner or operator of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit with cogeneration capabilities mustshall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate meters for steam flow in lbs/hr, temperature in degrees Fahrenheit, and pressure in PSI, to measure and record the useful thermal energy that is produced, in mmBtu/hr, on a continuous basis. Owners and operators of aCAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit that produces useful thermal energy but uses an energy transfer medium other than steam, e.g., hot water, or glycol, mustshall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate the necessary meters to measure and record the necessary data to express the useful thermal energy produced, in mmBtu/hr, on a continuous basis. If the CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit ceases to produce useful thermal energy. the owner or operator may cease operation of these meters, provided that operation of such meters mustshall be resumed if the CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit resumes production of useful thermal energy.

- c) By September 30, 2006, tThe owner or operator of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit mustshall report to the Agency:
 - 1) By June 1, 2007, the gross electrical output for control periods 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005, if available, and, the unit's useful thermal energy data, if applicable. If gross electric output is not available, heat input shall be used for control periods 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 that gross electrical output is not available. If a generator is served by two or more units, the documentation needed to determine each unit's share of the heat input of such units for that control period mustshall also be submitted. If heat input data is used, the owner or operator mustshall comply with the applicable provisions 40 CFR 75, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Part.
 - 2) By June 1, 2008, the gross electrical output for control periods 2006 and 2007, if available, and the unit's useful thermal energy data, if applicable. If a generator is served by two or more units, the documentation needed to determine each unit's share of the heat input of such units for that control period must also be submitted. If heat input data is used, the owner or operator must comply with the applicable provisions of 40 CFR 75, as incorporated by reference in Section 225.140.
- d) Beginning with calendar year 20082007, the CAIR designated representative of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit mustshall submit to the Agency quarterly, by no later than January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31, and January 31 of each year, information for the CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonaffected unit's gross electrical output, on a monthly basis for the prior quarter, and, if applicable, the unit's useful thermal energy for each month.

- e) The owner or operator of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit mustshall maintain on-site the monitoring plan detailing the monitoring system. maintenance of the monitoring system, including quality assurance activitiespursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR 60 and 75, including the applicable provisions for the measurement of gross electrical output for the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season trading program and, if applicable, for new units. The monitoring plan must include, but is not limited to: A description of the system to be used for the measurement of gross electrical output, including a list of any data logging devices, solid-state
 - 1) A description of the system to be used for the measurement of gross electrical output, including a list of any data logging devices, solid-state kW meters, rotating kW meters, electromechanical kW meters, current transformers, potential transformers, pressure taps, flow venture, orifice plates, flow nozzles, vortex meters, turbine meters, pressure transmitters, differential pressure transmitters, termperature transmitters, thermocouples, and resistance temperature detectors.
 - 2) A certification statement by the CAIR designated representative that all components of the gross electrical output system have been tested to be accurate within three percent and that the gross electrical output system is accurate to within ten percent.
 - f) The owner or operator of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit mustshall retain records for at least 5 years from the date the record is created or the data collected in subsections (a) and (b) of this Section, and the reports submitted to the Agency and USEPA in accordance with subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. The owner or operator of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected unit mustshall retain the monitoring plan required in subsection (e) of this Section for at least five years from the date that it is replaced by a new or revised monitoring plan.

Section 225.555 Clean Air Set-Aside (CASA)

- a) A project sponsor may apply for allowances from the CASA for sponsoring an energy efficiency and conservation, renewable energy, or clean technology project as set forth <u>in</u> Section 225.560 of this Subpart by submitting the application required by Section 225.570 of this Subpart.
- b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this Section, a project sponsor with a CAIR NO_x Ozone Seasonan affected source that is out of compliance with this Subpart for a given control period may not apply for allowances from the CASA for that control period. If a source receives CAIR NO_x allowances from CASA and then is subsequently found to have been out of compliance with this Subpart for the applicable control period or periods, the project sponsor must restore the CAIR NO_x allowances that it received pursuant to its CASA request or an equivalent number of CAIR NO_x allowances to the CASA within six months of receipt of an

3344		_	-	e that NO _x allowances must be restored finding of noncompliance.
3345				nces willshall be assigned to the fund from which they were
3346		distrib	uted.	
3347				
3348	c)	The A	gency v	will not act as a mediator in situations where more than one project
3349		sponse	er reque	ests CAIR NO _x allowances for the same project. If more than one
3350		projec	t spons	or submits an application for allowances for the same project for the
3351				period, the Agency shall reject all such applications.
3352			-	
3353	d)	CAIR NO _x allowances from CASA willshall be allocated in accordance with		lowances from CASA willshall be allocated in accordance with the
3354	,	procedures in Section 225.575 of this Subpart.		
3355		1		1
3356	<u>d</u> e)	The m	roiect sr	consor may submit an application that aggregates two or more
3357	=-)	-	-	r a CASA project category that would individually result in less than
3358				e, but that equal at a minimum one whole allowance when
3359				The Agency shall not allocate allowances for projects totaling less
3360				le allowance after rounding.
3361		than o	ne who	te anomalice area rounding.
3362	Section 225.5	660	Enero	y Efficiency and Conservation, Renewable Energy, and Clean
3363	5 cc tion 223.3	.00		cology Projects
3364			Toom	lology 1 lojects
3365	a)	Energ	v efficie	ency and conservation project means any of the following projects
3366	u)	Ο.	-	in Illinois:
3367		impici	incinca	iii iiiiiois.
3368		1)	Dema	nd side management projects that reduce the overall power demand
3369		1)		ng less energy include:
3370			by usi	ing less energy merude.
3370			A)	Smart building management software that more efficiently
3372			A)	regulates power flows.
3373				regulates power nows.
3374			D)	The use of or replacement to high efficiency motors, pumps,
3375			B)	
				compressors, or steam systems.
3376			C	Tistains name Cas
3377			<u>C)</u>	<u>Lighting retrofits.</u>
3378		2)	Г	
3379		2)	Energ	y efficient new building construction projects include:
3380			4.5	EMED CW CTAP 1'C 1 1
3381			A)	ENERGY STAR qualified new home projects.
3382			D)	
3383			B)	Measures to reduce or conserve energy consumption beyond the
3384				requirements of the Illinois Energy Conservation Code for
3385				Commercial Buildings (20 ILCS 687/6-3).
3386			<i>a</i> `	
3387			C)	New residential construction projects that qualify for Energy
3388				Efficient Tax Incentives <u>pursuant tounder</u> the Energy Policy Act of
3389				2005, 42 U.S.C. §15801 (2005).

3390				
3391		3)	Supply-side energy efficiency projects include projects implemented	d to
3392			improve the efficiency in electricity generation by coal-fired power	plants,
3393			and the efficiency of electrical transmission and distribution systems	S.
3394				
3395		4)	Highly efficient power generation project, such as, but not limited to	0,
3396		,	combined cycle projects, combined heat and power, and microturbin	-
3397			To be considered a highly efficient power generation project <u>pursua</u>	
3398			tounder this subsection (a)(4), a project must meet the thresholds an	
3399			criteria listed below:	<u></u>
3400			instead below.	
3401			A) For combined heat and power projects generating both electrical electrical entire and power projects generating both electrical e	ricity
3402			and useful thermal energy for space, water, or industrial production	-
3402			-	
3404			heat, a rated-energy efficiency of at least 60 percent and is n	<u>.01 a</u>
			<u>CAIR NO_x Ozone Season unit</u> .	
3405			D) F	_
3406			B) For combined cycle projects rated at greater than 0.50 MW,	a
3407			rated-energy efficiency of at least 50 percent.	
3408			G)	1 .1
3409			C) For microturbine projects rated at or below 0.50 MW and all	lother
3410			projects rated-energy efficiency of at least 40 percent.	
3411				
3412	b)		able energy unit means any of the following projects implemented in	1
3413		Illinois		
3414				
3415		1)	Zero-emission electric generating units, including wind, solar (thern	nal or
3416			photovoltaic), and hydropower projects. Eligible hydropower plants	s are
3417			restricted to new generators, that are not replacements of existing	
3418			generators, that commence operation on or after January 1, 2006, an	ıd do
3419			not involve the significant expansion of an existing dam or the	
3420			construction of a new dam.	
3421				
3422		2)	Renewable energy units are those units that generate electricity usin	g more
3423		-)	than 50 percent of the heat input, on an annual basis, from dedicated	
3424			grown for energy production or the capture systems for methane gas	
3425			landfills, water treatment plants or sewage treatment plants, and org	
3426			waste biomass, and other similar sources of non-fossil fuel energy.	,aiiiC
3427			Renewable energy projects do not include energy from incineration	by
3427				-
			burning or heating of waste wood, tires, garbage, general household	
3429			institutional lunchroom or office waste, landscape waste, or constru	Cuon
3430			or demolition debris.	
3431	,	Q1		
3432	c)		echnology project for reducing emissions from producing electricity	and
3433			hermal energy means any of the following projects implemented in	
3434		Illinois		
3435				

3436 3437 3438		1)	Air pollution control equipment upgrades for control of NO _x emissions at existing coal-fired electric generating unitEGUs, as follows: installation of a selective catalytic reduction (SCR) or selective non-catalytic reduction	
3439			(SNCR) system, or other emission control technologies. Air pollution	
3440			control upgrades do not include the addition of low NO _x burners, overfired	
3441			air techniques, gas reburning techniques, flue gas conditioning techniques	
3442			for the control of NO _x emissions, projects involving upgrades or	
3443			replacement of electrostatic precipitators, or <u>addition of control</u>	
3444			equipment, such as activated carbon injection, or other sorbent	
3445			<u>injection</u> specifically used for control of mercury. For this purpose, a unit	
3446			willshall be considered "existing" after it has been in commercial	
3447			operation for at least eight years.	•
3448				
3449		2)	Clean coal technologies projects include:	
3450		,		
3451			A) Integrated gasification combined cycle (IGCC) plants.	
3452				
3453			B) Fluidized bed coal combustion.	
3454				
3455	d)	In ad	dition to those projects excluded in subsections (a) through (c) of this	
3456	,		on, the following projects are also not energy efficiency and conservation,	
3457			vable energy, or clean technology projects-listed in subsection (a) through (c)	
3458			S Section shall not include:	
3459			-	
3460		<u>1)</u>	N n uclear power projects.;	
3461				
3462		<u>2)</u>	Pprojects required to meet emission standards or technology requirements	
3463			under State or federal law or regulation, except that allowances may be	
3464			allocated for projects undertaken pursuant to Section 225.233.	
3465			<u> </u>	
3466		<u>3)</u>	Pprojects used to meet the requirements of a court order or consent decree,	
3467			except that allowances may be allocated for:	
3468				
3469			A) Emission rates or limits achieved that are lower than what is	
3470			required to meet the emission rates or limits for SO_2 or NO_x or for	
3471			installing a baghouse as provided for in a court order or consent	
3472			decree entered into before May 30, 2006.	
3473				
3474			B) Projects used to meet the requirements of a court order or consent	
3475			decree entered into on or after May 30, 2006, if the court order or	
3476			consent decree does not specifically preclude such allocations.	
3477				
3478		4)	Aa Supplemental Environmental Project (SEP). CASA allowances shall	
3479		.,	not be allocated to such projects.	
3480				
3481	e)	Annl	cations for projects that that are not specifically listed in subsections (a)	
2.01	<i>\(\frac{1}{2}\)</i>	- 1PP1	The projects that that are presidently library in successful (a)	

through (c) of this Section, and that are not specifically excluded by <u>definition in</u> <u>subsections (a) through (c) of this Section or by specific exclusion in</u> subsection (d) of this Section, may be submitted to the Agency. <u>The Such</u> application <u>mustshall</u> designate which category or categories from those listed in subsections (a)(1) through (c)(2)(B) of this Section best fits the proposed project and the applicable formula <u>pursuant tounder</u> Section 225.565(b) of this Section to calculate the number of allowances that it is requesting. The Agency <u>willshall</u> determine whether the application is approvable based on a sufficient demonstration by the project sponsor that the project is a new type of energy efficiency, renewable energy, or clean technology project, similar in its effects as the projects specifically listed in subsection (a) through (c) of this Section.

f) Early adopter projects include projects that meet the criteria for any energy efficiency and conservation, renewable energy, or clean technology projects listed in subsections (a), (b), (c), and (e) of this Section and commence construction between July 1, 2006, and December 31, 2012.

Section 225.565 CASA Allowances

 a) The CAIR NO_x allowances for the CASA for each control period <u>willshall</u> be assigned to the following categories of projects:

		Phase I (2009-2014)	Phase II (2015 and thereafter)
1)	Energy Efficiency and Conservation. Renewable Energy	/ 3684	3479
2)	Air Pollution Control Equipment Upgrades	1535	1448
3)	Clean Coal Technology Projects	1842	1738
4)	Early Adopters	614	580

- b) The following formulas <u>mustshall</u> be used to determine the number of CASA allowances that may be allocated to a project per control period:
 - 1) For an energy efficiency and conservation project pursuant to Sections 225.560(a)(1) through (a)(4)(A)3) of this Subpart, the number of allowances mustshall be calculated using the number of megawatt hours of electricity that was not consumed during a control period and the following formula:

 $A = (MWh_c) \times (1.5 \text{ lb/MWh}) / 2000 \text{ lb}$

3528			
3529		Where	
3530			
3531		A	= The number of allowances for a particular project.
3532		MWh_c	1 1 5
3533		· · ·c	conserved or generated during a control period by a
3534			project.
3535			project.
3536	2)	For a zero emi	ssion electric generating projects pursuant to Section
3537	4)		of this Subpart, the number of allowances mustshall be
3538		` / ` /	<u> </u>
			g the number of megawatt hours of electricity generated
3539		during a contro	ol period and the following formula:
3540			(1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (
3541		A =	$(MWh_g) \times (2.0 \text{ lb/MWh}) / 2000 \text{ lb}$
3542			
3543		Where	
3544			
3545		A	= The number of allowances for a particular project
3546		MWh_g	= The number of megawatt hours of electricity
3547			generated during a control period by a project.
3548			
3549	3)	For a renewab	le energy emission unit pursuant to Section 225.560(b)(2) of
3550	,		ne number of allowances mustshall be calculated using the
3551		•	gawatt hours of electricity generated during a control period
3552		and the follow	
3553			
3554		A =	$(MWh_g) \times (0.5 lb/MWh) / 2000 lb$
3555		7.1	(11 vilg) \(\langle \text{(0.3 10/141 vil) / 2000 10}
3556		Where	
3557		VV IICI C.	
3558		A	= The number of allowances for a particular project
			The number of unovumees for a particular project.
3559		MWh_g	
3560			during a control period by a project.
3561	4)	г : 11	
3562	4)	-	ution control equipment upgrade project pursuant to Section
3563			of this Subpart, the number of allowances <u>mustshall</u> be
3564			g the emission rate before and after replacement or
3565		improvement,	and the following formula:
3566			
3567		A =	$(MWh_g) \times 0.10 \times (ER_B lb/MWh - ER_A lb/MWh) / 2000 lb$
3568			
3569		Where	
3570			
3571		A	= The number of allowances for a particular project.
3572		MWh_{g}	
3573		Б	generated during a control period by a project.

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ER_B = Average NO_x emission rate based on CEMS data from the most recent two control periods prior to the replacement or improvement of the control equipment in lb/MWh, unless subject to a consent decree or court order. For units subject to a consent decree or court order, entered into before May 30, 2006, ER_B is limited to emission rates or limits that are lower than the emission rate or limit required in the consent decree or court order. On or after May 30, 2006, ER_B is limited to emission rates or limits specified in the consent decree or court order. If such limit is not expressed in lb/MWh, the limit shall be converted into lb/MWh using a heat rate of 10 mmBtu/1 MW.

 ER_A = Average NO_x emission rate for the applicable control period data based on CEMS data in lb/MWh.

For highly efficient power generation and <u>clean technologyIGCC</u> projects pursuant to Sections 225.560(a)(4)(B), (a)(4)(C) and (c)(2) of this Subpart, the number of allowances <u>mustshall</u> be calculated using the number of megawatt hours of electricity the project generates during a control period and the following formula:

$$A = (MWh_g) \times (1.0 \text{ lb/MWh} - \text{ER lb/MWh}) / 2000 \text{ lb}$$

Where:

A = The number of allowances for a particular project.

MWh_g = The number of megawatt hours of electricity generated during a control period by a project.

ER = Average NO_x emission rate for the control period based on CEMS data in 1b/MWh.

6) For a CASA project that commencesd construction before December 31, 2012, in addition to the allowances allocated <u>pursuant tounder</u> subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of this Section, a project sponsor may also request additional allowances under the early adopter project category pursuant to Section 225.460(e) of this Section based on the following formula:

$$A = 1.0 + 0.10 \times \Sigma A_i$$

Where:

A = The number of allowances for a particular project as determined in subsections (b)(1) through (b)(5) of

this Section. 3620 3621 A_i The number of allowances as determined in 3622 subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(4) or (b)(5) of 3623 this Section for a given project. 3624 3625 Section 225.570 **CASA Applications** 3626 3627 A project sponsor may request allowances if the project commenced construction a) 3628 on or after the dates listed below. The project sponsor may request and be 3629 allocated allowances from more than one CASA category for a project, if 3630 applicable. 3631 3632 Demand side management, energy efficient new construction, and supply 1) side energy efficiency and conservation projects that commenced 3633 construction on or after January 1, 2003; 3634 3635 3636 2) Fluidized bed coal combustion projects, highly efficient power generation operations projects, or renewable energy emission units, which 3637 commenced construction on or after January 1, 2001; and 3638 3639 3640 All other projects on or after July 1, 2006. 3) 3641 3642 b) Beginning with the 2009 control period and each control period thereafter, a project sponsor may request allowances from the CASA. The application must be 3643 3644 submitted to the Agency by May 1 of the control period for which the allowances 3645 are being requested. 3646 3647 The allocation willshall be based on the electricity conserved or generated in the c) 3648 control period preceding the calendar year in which the application is submitted. 3649 To apply for a CAIR NO_x allocation from the CASA, project sponsors must 3650 provide the Agency with the following information: 3651 3652 1) Identification of the project sponsor, including name, address, type of 3653 organization, certification that the project sponsor has met the definition of "project sponsor" as set forth in Section 225.130, and name(s) of the 3654 principals or corporate officials. 3655 3656 3657 2) The number of the CAIR NO_x general or compliance account for the 3658 project and the name of the associated CAIR account representative. 3659 3660 3) A description of the project or projects, location, the role of the project sponsor in the projects, and a general explanation of how the amount of 3661 3662 energy conserved or generated was measured, verified, and calculated, and 3663 the number of allowances requested and the with the supporting calculations. The number of allowances requested willshall be calculated 3664 using the applicable formula from Section 225.570(b) of this Section. 3665

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- 4) Detailed information to support the request for allowances, including the following types of documentation for the measurement and verification of the NO_x emissions reductions, electricity generated, or electricity conserved using established measurement verification procedures, as applicable. The measurement and verification required willshall depend on the type of project proposed.
 - A) As applicable, documentation of the project's base and control period conditions and resultant base and control period energy data, using the procedures and methods included in *M&V*Guidelines: Measurement and Verification for Federal Energy Projects, incorporated by reference in Section 225.140 of this Part, or other method approved by the Agency. Examples include:
 - i) Energy consumption and demand profiles;
 - ii) Occupancy type;
 - iii) Density and periods;
 - iv) Space conditions or plant throughput for each operating period and season. (For example, in a building this would include the light level and color, space temperature, humidity and ventilation);
 - v) Equipment inventory, nameplate data, location, condition; and
 - vi) Equipment operating practices (schedules and set points, actual temperatures/pressures).
 - B) Emissions data, including, if applicable, CEMS data;
 - C) Information for rated–energy efficiency including supporting documentation and calculations; and
 - D) Electricity, in MWh, generated or conserved for the applicable control period.
- 5) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (c)(4) of this Section, applications for fewer than five allowances may propose other reliable and applicable methods of quantification acceptable to the Agency.
- Any additional information requested by the Agency to determine the correctness of the requested number of allowances, including site

3712 3713			information, project specifications, supporting calculations, operating procedures, and maintenance procedures.
3714			
3715		7)	The following certification by the responsible official for the project
3716			sponsor and the applicable CAIR account representative for the project:
3717			
3718			"I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the project sponsor
3719			and the holder of the CAIR NO _x general account or compliance account
3720			for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I
3721			have personally examined, and am familiar with the statements and
3722			information submitted in this application and all its attachments. Based on
3723			my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining
3724			the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the
3725			best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware
3726			that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and
3727			information or omitting required statements and information."
3728			miorianion or omioriag rodunou omiorianio and miorianioni
3729	d)	A pro	ject sponsor may request allowances from the CASA for each project a total
3730)	-	per of control periods not to exceed the number of control periods listed
3731			v. After a project has been allocated allowances from CASA, subsequent
3732			ests for the project from the project sponsor mustshall include the information
3733		-	red by subsections (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(3) and (c)(7) of this Section, a
3734			iption of any changes, or further improvements made to the project, and
3735			nation specified in subsections (c)(5) and (c)(6) as specifically requested by
3736			gency.
3737		1110 7 1	Seney.
3738		1)	For energy efficiency and conservation projects (except for efficient
3739		-)	operation and renewable energy projects), for a total of eight control
3740			periods.
3741			periods.
3742		2)	For early adopter projects, for a total of ten control periods.
3743		-)	Tor earry adopter projects, for a total of ten control periods.
3744		3)	For air pollution control equipment upgrades for a total of 15 control
3745		<i>- ,</i>	periods.
3746			p • 1.0 • 1.0
3747		<u>4</u> 3)	For renewable energy projects, clean coal technology, and highly efficient
3748		<u></u> .	power generation projects, for each year that the project is in operation.
3749			power generation projects, for each year that the project is in operation.
3750	e)	A pro	ject sponsor must keep copies of all CASA applications and the
3751	•)	-	mentation used to support the application for at least five years.
3752		docui	nontation used to support the application for at least five years.
3753 3754	Section 225.5	75	Agency Action on CASA Applications
3755 3756	a)	-	eptember October 1, 2009, and each September October 1 thereafter, the cy willshall determine the total number of allowances that are approvable for
		-	

3757 allocation to project sponsors based upon the applications submitted pursuant to Section 225.570 of this Subpart.

3759
3760 1) The Agency willshall determine the number of CAIR NO_x allowances that

- The Agency <u>willshall</u> determine the number of CAIR NO_x allowances that are approvable based on the formulas and the criteria for such projects. The Agency <u>willshall</u> notify a project sponsor within 90 days after receipt of an application if the project is not approvable, the number of allowances requested is not approvable, or additional information is needed by the Agency to complete its review of the application.
- 2) If the total number of CAIR NO_x allowances requested for approved projects is less than or equal to the number of CAIR NO_x allowances in the CASA project category, the number of allowances that are approved shall be allocated to each CAIR NO_x compliance or general account.
- 3) If more CAIR NO_x allowances are requested than the number of CAIR NO_x allowances in a given CASA project category, allowances willshall be allocated on a pro-rata basis based on the number of allowances available, subject to further adjustment as provided for by subsection (b) of this Section. CAIR NO_x allowances willshall be allocated, transferred, or used as whole allowances. The number of whole allowances willshall be determined by rounding down for decimals less than 0.5 and rounding up for decimals of 0.5 or greater.
- b) <u>For control periods 2011 and thereafter, Iif</u> there are, after the completion of the procedures in subsection (a) of this Section for a control period, any CAIR NO_x allowances not allocated to a CASA project for the control period:
 - The remaining allowances <u>will accrue</u> in each CASA project category will accrue up to twice the number of allowances that are assigned to the project category each control period as set forth in Section 225.565 of this Subpart.
 - 2) For control period 2011 and thereafter, If any allowances remain after allocations pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section, the Agency will allocate these allowances pro-rata to projects that received fewer allowances than requested, based on the number of allowances not allocated but approved by the Agency for the project under CASA. No project may be allocated more allowances than approved by the Agency for the applicable in a project category that are in excess of twice the number assign for the control period as set forth in Section 225.565 of this Subpart shall be redistributed to project categories that have fewer than twice the number of allowances assigned to that project category for the control period.

3) For control period 2011 and thereafter. If any allowances remain after the allocation of allowances pursuant to subsection (b)(2) of this Section the Agency will then distribute pro-rata the remaining shall then reallocate allowances to projects that received fewer allowances than requested and approved on a pro-rata basis, based on the total number of approved allowances for the projects project categories that have fewer than twice the number of allowances assigned to the project category. The pro-rata distribution will be based on the difference between two times the project category and the number of allowances that remain in the project category.

- 4) For control period 2011 and thereafter, if after the redistribution of allowances pursuant to subsection (b)(2) any allowances remain, these allowances shall be reassigned to project categories that have fewer than twice the number of allowances annually assigned to that project category as set forth in Section 225.565 of this Subpart, after the allocation in subsection (b)(3) of this Section.
- The Agency shall repeat the process of allocating allowances to CASA projects that received fewer allowances than requested and approved, and to reassigning allowances to project categories as set forth in subsections (b)(2), (b)(3), and (b)(4) of this Section, until no allowances remain to be reassigned between project categories and the approved allowance requests have been filled. If allowances still remain undistributed after the allocations and distributions in the above subsections are completed unallocated, the Agency may elect to retire any CAIR NO_x allowances that have not been distributed to any CASA category, remain after all approved requests for allowances have been met and each project category has accrued twice the number of allowances assigned for that project category to continue progress toward attainment or maintenance of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards pursuant to the CAA.

SERVICE LIST R06-26

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STATE OF ILLINOIS)	
)	SS
COUNTY OF SANGAMON)	
)	

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, the undersigned, an attorney, state that I have served electronically the attached

MOTION TO AMEND RULEMAKING PROPOSAL upon the following person:

Dorothy Gunn Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board James R. Thompson Center 100 West Randolph St., Suite 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601-3218

and mailing it by first-class mail from Springfield, Illinois, with sufficient postage affixed to the following persons:

SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

John J. Kim Managing Attorney Air Regulatory Unit Division of Legal Counsel

Dated: November 27, 2006

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